Audited Financial Statements and Special Reports

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017



Bridgers, Goodman & Aldridge, PLLC Certified Public Accountants Vicksburg, Mississippi

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FINANCIAL SECTION

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Greenville Greenville, Mississippi

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Greenville, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Greenville, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in NOTE 14: CONTINGENCIES: <u>Litigation</u>, the City has entered into a "Partial Consent Decree" with the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the Department of Justice, and the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality concerning its waste water treatment plant and waste water collection system which will commit the City to a significant investment in its sewer system infrastructure. (The financing of which has yet to be fully determined). Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the -Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule and corresponding notes, the Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the New Pension Liability, Schedule of the City's Contributions, and the Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Greenville, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of

Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Surety Bonds for City Officials, Reconciliation of Tax Assessments to Fund Collections- 2016 Tax Rolls, and Schedule of Long-Term Debt have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

The accompanying section of Statistical Information on pages 72 through 76, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 22, 2018 on our consideration of the City of Greenville, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Greenville, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Bridgers, Goodman & Aldridge, PLLC

Bridgers, Goodman & Aldridge, PLLC

Bridgers, Goodman & Aldridge, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants Vicksburg, Mississippi

June 22, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Greenville's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the year ended September 30, 2017. Readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City of Greenville exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the 2017 fiscal year by \$189,164,623 (net position).
- The net position of the City includes: \$217,913,080 invested in capital assets, net of related debt; \$2,873,632 in expendable and non-expendable net position; and a deficit in unrestricted net position of \$(31,622,089).
- Total assets increased \$683,339 or 0.28% from 2016.
- Total liabilities decreased \$5,712,639 or -9.57% from 2016. The decrease is primarily due to the net pension liability decrease of \$6,456,000.
- The City's total net position decreased \$1,111,822 or -0.58% from 2016.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Greenville, Mississippi's basic financial statements which are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, 3) Notes to the financial statements. Required Supplementary Information is included in addition to the basic financial statements.

Figure 1: Required Components of the City's Annual Report

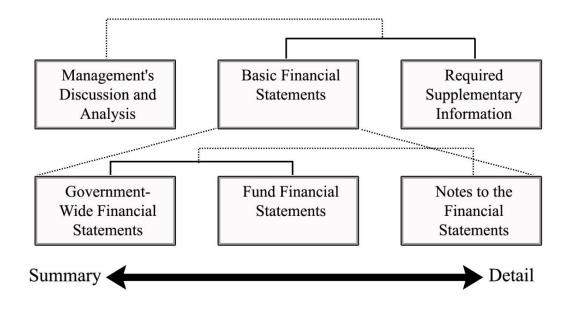


Figure 1 shows how required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Figure 2 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City's government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this section of Management's Discussion and Analysis explains the structure and content of each of the statements.

Figure 2: Major Features of the City's Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

	-Wide Financial tements	Fund Financial Statements						
		Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds				
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds)	All activities of the City that are not business- type or fiduciary in nature	Activities of the City that operate similar to private businesses	The City is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources				
Required financial statements	 Statement of net position Statement of activities 	 Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances 	 Statement of net position Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets Statement of cash flows 	 Statement of fiduciary net position Statement of changes in net position 				
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus				
Type of asset, deferred outflow, liability, deferred inflow information	All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, both financial and capital and short and long term	Only assets and deferred outflows expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, both financial and capital, and short and long term	All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, both short and long term				
Type of inflow/ outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services are received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid				

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

1) Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements presented on pages 15 and 16 are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The **Statement of Net Position** presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The **Statement of Activities** presents information showing the City's change in net position during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

The government activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, highways and streets, health and sanitation, culture and recreation, airport, economic development, debt service, and pension expense.

2) Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: (1) governmental funds, (2) proprietary funds and (3) fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental Funds.</u> Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term effect of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Greenville maintains 23 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Parks & Recreation, which are considered to be major funds. All other funds are considered non-major and are presented in a single column. The governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 17 through 20.

The City of Greenville adopts an annual budget. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided on pages 53 through 63 for the General Fund and the Major Fund Parks & Recreation to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains two types of proprietary funds - an enterprise fund and an internal service fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses the enterprise fund to account for water and sewer, and sanitation operations. The fund is financed primarily through user fees. The internal service fund accounts for the accumulation of amounts used for maintaining the City's fleet of mobile equipment and vehicles.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements are presented on pages 21 through 23.

<u>Fiduciary Funds.</u> Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City used 5 fiduciary funds consisting of the police and fire pension, city separate school district tax clearing fund, payroll clearing fund, state fine assessment fund, and unemployment tax reserve. The combined fiduciary financial statement of assets and liabilities can be found on page 24.

3) Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes, presented on pages 25 through 52, provide additional narrative and tabular information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents Required Supplementary Information concerning the City's budget process, other postemployment benefits and pension standards on pages 53 through 63.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of September 30, 2017, the assets and deferred outflows of the City of Greenville exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$189,164,623.

By far, the largest portion of the City's net position (\$217,913,080 or 115.20%) reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, machinery and equipment, etc.) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources because the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

(Table 1) **Net Position**

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-type Activities Total		Increase	Percentage		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	(Decrease)	change
Current and other assets	\$ 4,273,538	\$ 6,475,325	\$ 3,421,297	\$ 4,648,413	\$ 7,694,835	\$ 11,123,738	\$ (3,428,903)	-30.83%
Capital assets, net	186,724,770	186,267,760	49,948,815	46,293,583	236,673,585	232,561,343	4,112,242	1.77%
Total Assets	190,998,308	192,743,085	53,370,112	50,941,996	244,368,420	243,685,081	683,339	0.28%
Deferred outflows	4,129,063	5,911,750	167,741	982,130	4,296,804	6,893,880	(2,597,076)	-37.67%
Current and other liabilities	1,515,315	2,280,388	1,413,212	1,526,788	2,928,527	3,807,176	(878,649)	-23.08%
Net pension liability	30,425,361	33,136,075	1,024,000	4,769,286	31,449,361	37,905,361	(6,456,000)	-17.03%
Long-term debt	9,272,999	8,322,726	10,325,107	9,653,470	19,598,106	17,976,196	1,621,910	9.02%
Total Liabilities	41,213,675	43,739,189	12,762,319	15,949,544	53,975,994	59,688,733	(5,712,739)	-9.57%
Deferred inflows	5,303,622	521,715	220,985	92,068	5,524,607	613,783	4,910,824	800.09%
Net Position:								
Net investment in								
capital assets	178,266,004	178,739,200	39,647,076	36,872,931	217,913,080	215,612,131	2,300,949	1.07%
Restricted	2,155,860	2,238,219	717,772	884,212	2,873,632	3,122,431	(248,799)	-7.97%
Unrestricted	(31,811,790)	(26,583,488)	189,701	(1,874,629)	(31,622,089)	(28,458,117)	(3,163,972)	11.12%
Total Net Position	148,610,074	154,393,931	40,554,549	35,882,514	189,164,623	190,276,445	\$ (1,111,822)	-0.58%

The City's total assets increased \$683,339 during 2017 with governmental activities showing a decrease of \$(1,744,777) and business-type activities showing an increase of \$2,428,116.

The City's total liabilities decreased \$5,712,739. The decrease in liabilities were \$2,525,514 in governmental activities and \$3,187,225 in business-type activities. This increase is primarily due to the decrease in net pension liability of \$6,456,000.

The City's net position decreased \$1,111,822 over 2016.

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (31,622,089)
Less: unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of GASB 68 & 71	32,677,164
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability effect	\$ 1,055,075

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

(Table 2) Changes in Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Tot	als	Increase	Percentage
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	(Decrease)	Change
Program Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 699,751	\$ 839,023	\$ 11,185,547	\$ 9,797,237	\$ 11,885,298	\$ 10,636,260	\$ 1,249,038	11.74%
Grants and contributions	2,931,621	3,851,761	94,587	1,109,733	3,026,208	4,961,494	(1,935,286)	-39.01%
General Revenues:								
Property taxes	11,545,180	11,726,891			11,545,180	11,726,891	(181,711)	-1.55%
Sales and tourism taxes	7,377,639	7,510,315			7,377,639	7,510,315	(132,676)	-1.77%
Other taxes and other	387,903	3,199,720	1,292,633	(1,354,396)	1,680,536	1,845,324	(164,788)	-8.93%
Total Revenues	22,942,094	27,127,710	12,572,767	9,552,574	35,514,861	36,680,284	(1,165,423)	-3.18%
_								
Program Expenses:								
General government	\$ 2,546,776	\$ 2,476,904			2,546,776	2,476,904	69,872	2.82%
Public safety	12,049,411	11,333,783			12,049,411	11,333,783	715,628	6.31%
Public works	1,357,474	1,082,636			1,357,474	1,082,636	274,838	25.39%
Highways and streets	3,820,616	3,643,217			3,820,616	3,643,217	177,399	4.87%
Health and sanitation	351,931	377,673			351,931	377,673	(25,742)	-6.82%
Culture and recreation	866,801	925,911			866,801	925,911	(59,110)	-6.38%
Airport	1,301,300	847,868			1,301,300	847,868	453,432	53.48%
Economic development	463,861	484,386			463,861	484,386	(20,525)	-4.24%
Interest on long-term debt	216,808	252,801			216,808	252,801	(35,993)	-14.24%
Pension expense	2,958,055	4,293,881			2,958,055	4,293,881	(1,335,826)	-31.11%
Water and sewer			8,180,752	8,079,168	8,180,752	8,079,168	101,584	1.26%
Sanitation			2,594,584	1,911,962	2,594,584	1,911,962	682,622	35.70%
Total Expenses	25,933,033	25,719,060	10,775,336	9,991,130	36,708,369	35,710,190	998,179	2.80%
Changes in Net Position	\$ (2,990,939)	\$ 1,408,650	\$ 1,797,431	\$ (438,556)	\$ (1,193,508)	\$ 970,094	\$ (2,163,602)	-223.03%

excludes prior period adjustments

The City's governmental activities continue to be funded primarily by property taxes, which made up only 50% of the total revenues. The other major revenue sources were sales and tourism taxes 32% and grants and contributions 13%. The major expense activities were public safety, highways and streets, general government, and pension expense which comprise 46%, 15%, 10%, and 11% of total expenses, respectively. The City remains totally committed to providing the services its residents expect and need.

Business-type activities are accounted for similar to businesses and are primarily supported by user fees. The City makes every effort to keep these fees as low as possible.

FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of governmental fund reporting is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As the year ended, the City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$3,236,928 which is \$1,437,447 below last year's revised total of \$4,674,375.

Governmental funds meeting the requirements for being reported as major funds include the General Fund and the Parks & Recreation Fund. The remaining governmental funds were combined and reported as non-major governmental funds. The General Fund had a net change in fund balance of \$(1,358,038). The previous year saw a net change in fund balance of \$769,008. The Parks & Recreation Fund had a net change of \$135,490.

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Major Fund Budgeting Highlights

The City's budget is prepared according to Mississippi law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. One of the most significant budgeted funds is the General Fund.

During the course of 2017, the City amended its General Fund budget. All recommendations for budget changes come from the Chief Administrative Officer and are presented to the whole Mayor and City Council for ordinance enactment on the change. The City does not allow budget changes that modify line items within departments without council approval. With the general fund supporting many of our major activities such as our police and fire departments, as well as most legislative and executive activities, the General Fund is monitored closely looking for possible revenue shortfalls or over spending by individual departments. Revisions in the General Fund increased budgeted expenditures by \$44,525.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2017, the City had \$236,673,585 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park and recreation facilities, streets, and water and sewer lines. (See Table 3 following.) This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deletions, and adjustments) of approximately \$4,112,242 or 1.77% over the prior year.

(Table 3)
CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END

(Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	Governmer	Government Activities		pe Activities	To	tals	Increase	Percentage
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	(Decrease)	Change
Land	\$ 85,405,314	\$ 85,385,542	\$ 2,512,541	\$ 2,512,541	\$ 87,917,855	\$ 87,898,083	\$ 19,772	0.022%
Construction in progress	741,208	5,160,932	7,493,792	2,389,708	8,235,000	7,550,640	684,360	9.064%
Infrastructure	87,782,217	83,685,559	23,826,005	25,277,110	111,608,222	108,962,669	2,645,553	2.428%
Buildings & improvements	7,324,637	6,904,493	6,962,846	6,964,359	14,287,483	13,868,852	418,631	3.018%
Mobile and machinery equipment	3,368,304	3,004,767	2,153,046	1,844,125	5,521,350	4,848,892	672,458	13.868%
Furniture & equipment	1,074,229	1,043,454	531,924	529,048	1,606,153	1,572,502	33,651	2.140%
Leased property under capital lease	1,028,861	1,083,013	6,468,661	6,776,692	7,497,522	7,859,705	(362,183)	-4.608%
Totals	\$ 186,724,770	\$ 186,267,760	\$ 49,948,815	\$ 46,293,583	\$ 236,673,585	\$ 232,561,343	\$ 4,112,242	1.77%

The City of Greenville continues to provide for the growth and stability of its citizenry through various construction and rehabilitation projects. The following highlights summarize the major projects for the fiscal year of 2016-2017:

- (1) The construction in progress of \$8,235,000 includes various airport and public works projects involving airport improvements and the City's sewer system construction and repairs.
- (2) Infrastructure investment remains a priority and challenge for City officials. Infrastructure project cost capitalized during the fiscal year include the following:

Water & Sewer projects are financed by grants from the Delta Regional Authority and the U.S. Department of Defense through the Corp of Engineers. The City has also acquired funding through the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality, State Revolving Loan Fund.

Airport enhancements and rehabilitation to runways and related areas are financed by grants through the U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Aviation Administration and the State of Mississippi Department of Transportation-Multi-Modal grants. These agencies will finance ninety-five percent (95%) and seventy-five percent (75%), respectively, of the cost of rehabilitating the airport.

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Long-term Debt

At year-end, the City had \$19,598,106 in long-term debt outstanding compared to \$17,976,196 last year, an increase of \$1,621,910. Of the total debt outstanding \$8,153,420 is backed by the full faith and credit of the City with debt service funded by voter-approved property taxes. The other major components are notes payable in the amount of \$4,122,368, capital leases in the amount of \$6,484,717 and compensated absences in the amount of \$837,600.

The following table illustrates the total Long-term Debt of the City of Greenville as of September 30, 2017:

(Table 4) **LONG-TERM DEBT**Outstanding at Year-end

	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	tals	Increase	Percentage
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017 2016		(Decrease)	Change
General obligation bonds	\$ 3,827,000	\$ 4,224,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,827,000	\$ 4,224,000	\$ (397,000)	-9.40%
Other loans	3,753,900	2,358,009	4,694,889	3,375,127	8,448,789	5,733,136	2,715,653	47.37%
Capital leases	877,867	946,551	5,606,850	6,045,525	6,484,717	6,992,076	(507,359)	-7.26%
Compensated absences	814,232	794,166	23,368	232,818	837,600	1,026,984	(189,384)	-18.44%
Totals	\$ 9,272,999	\$ 8,322,726	\$ 10,325,107	\$ 9,653,470	\$ 19,598,106	\$ 17,976,196	\$ 1,621,910	9.02%

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note (12) of the Notes to Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when compiling and approving the fiscal year 2018 budget, such as tax rates for governmental activities and fees that will be charged for the business-type activities. The total property tax millage rate of 63.41 mills is expected to provide adequate funding in the following year.

Contacting the City's Finance Department

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the Chief Administrative Officer or City Clerk, at 340 Main Street or P.O. Box 897, Greenville, MS 38701.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2017

	Primary		
	Government		
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,935,248	\$ 396,775	\$ 2,332,023
Accounts receivable		1,728,282	1,728,282
Intergovernmental receivable	278,294	425,886	704,180
Other receivables	1,926,628	126,592	2,053,220
Prepaid expenses	113,269		113,269
Internal balances	(25,990)	25,990	-
Inventory	6,089		6,089
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	40,000	717,772	757,772
Capital assets, net			
Land and construction in progress	86,146,522	10,006,333	96,152,855
Other capital assets, net	100,578,248	39,942,482	140,520,730
Total Assets	190,998,308	53,370,112	244,368,420
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	4,129,063	167,741	4,296,804
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,129,063	167,741	4,296,804
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	005 445	5 04.4 5 4	4 742 000
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	927,665	584,424	1,512,089
Accrued interest payable	60,985	36,625	97,610
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:	40.000		
Customer deposits	40,000	717,772	757,772
Long-term liabilities:	40	= 4.004	
Other postemployment benefits payable	486,665	74,391	561,056
Net pension liability	30,425,361	1,024,000	31,449,361
Due within one year:			
Capital related debt	1,556,904	1,066,977	2,623,881
Due in more than one year:		0.004.540	
Capital related debt	6,901,862	9,234,762	16,136,624
Non-capital related debt	814,233	23,368	837,601
Total Liabilities	41,213,675	12,762,319	53,975,994
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	5,303,622	220,985	5,524,607
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,303,622	220,985	5,524,607
Total deferred filllows of resources	3,303,022	220,983	3,324,007
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	178,205,019	39,610,451	217,815,470
Restricted:	170,203,017	37,010,431	217,013,470
Expendable:			
Public safety	41,458		41,458
Public works	71,730	717,772	717,772
Highways & streets	489,486	/1/,//2	489,486
Culture & recreation	244,790		244,790
Airport operation and maintenance	867,756		867,756
Debt service			
Non-Expendable:	393,012		393,012
Inventories	6,089		6.080
Prepaid expense	· ·		6,089
Unrestricted	113,269 (31,750,805)	226,326	113,269 (31,524,479)
Total Net Position	\$ 148,610,074	\$ 40,554,549	\$189,164,623
TOTAL LICE I USHIVII	φ 1+0,010,074	ψ +0,534,549	φ107,104,023

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

			Program Revenue		Not (Eumana) D	evenue and Chang	in Not Dogition
			Program Revenue	S	Primary	evenue and Change	e in Net Position
			Operating	Capital	Government		
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 2,546,776	457,554		322,493	(1,766,729)		\$ (1,766,729)
Public safety	12,049,411	11,464	37,226	282,608	(11,718,113)		(11,718,113)
Public works	1,357,474	23,056	32,600	5,962	(1,295,856)		(1,295,856)
Highways and streets	3,820,616	,	,	18,971	(3,801,645)		(3,801,645)
Health and sanitation	351,931			,	(351,931)		(351,931)
Culture and recreation	866,801	200,558			(666,243)		(666,243)
Airport	1,301,300	7,119		1,577,630	283,449		283,449
Economic development	463,861	,,112		1,077,000	(463,861)		(463,861)
Interest on long-term debt	216,808				(216,808)		(216,808)
Pension expense	2,958,055				(2,958,055)		(2,958,055)
Total governmental activities	25,933,033	699,751	69,826	2,207,664	(22,955,792)		(22,955,792)
Total governmental activities	23,733,033	077,731	07,020	2,207,004	(22,733,772)		(22,733,772)
Business-type activities:							
Water and sewer	8,180,752	9,054,496		94,587		\$ 968,331	968,331
Sanitation	2,594,584	2,131,051		74,507		(463,533)	(463,533)
Total business-type activities	10,775,336	11,185,547		94,587		504,798	504,798
Total business-type activities	10,773,330	11,105,547		94,307		304,798	304,798
Total primary government	\$ 36,708,369	11,885,298	69,826	2,302,251	(22,955,792)	504,798	(22,450,994)
		General revenues:					
		Property taxes			11,545,180		11,545,180
		Sales and tourism tax			7,377,639		7,377,639
		Franchise taxes			1,082,862		1,082,862
		Rental income			717,686		717,686
		Unrestricted interest i	ncome		26,334		26,334
		Grants and contributi		specific programs	654,131		654,131
		Other taxes and other		specific programs	342,187	284,606	626,793
		Gain (Loss) on sale o			(379,039)	204,000	(379,039)
		Internal service fund			(86,313)		(86,313)
		Transfers	net (1033)		(1,315,814)	1,008,027	(307,787)
	-	Total general revenues	and transfers		19,964,853	1,292,633	21,257,486
		Total general revenues	and transfers		19,904,633	1,292,033	21,237,460
	•	Change in net position	1		(2,990,939)	1,797,431	(1,193,508)
	Ī	Net Position - beginnin	g, as originally repo	rted	154,393,931	35,882,514	190,276,445
	•	Prior Period Adjustm			(2,792,918)	2,874,604	81,686
	I	Net Position - beginnin			151,601,013	38,757,118	190,358,131
	I	Net Position, ending			\$ 148,610,074	\$ 40,554,549	\$ 189,164,623

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI BALANCE SHEET- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2017

		Majo	r Funds		N	on-Major	Total		
	_	eneral		arks &		vernmental	Governmental		
. aarma		Fund	Recre	eation Fund		Funds		Funds	
ASSETS		20.5		120.021		1 = 1 = 0.10		1.050.150	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	296	\$	130,924	\$	1,747,943	\$	1,879,163	
Receivables:		1.12.000		5.052		22.225		171 200	
Property taxes		142,088		5,973		23,237		171,298	
Fines receivable (net of allowance for								1 221 22 5	
uncollectibles of \$1,968,370		1,331,326						1,331,326	
Franchise Fee		297,127						297,127	
Intergovernmental		42,714				235,466		278,180	
Other receivables		58,058				51,505		109,563	
Prepaid expenses		113,269						113,269	
Inventory				6,089				6,089	
Restricted assets - cash						40,000		40,000	
Total Assets		1,984,878		142,986		2,098,151		4,226,015	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable and accrued expense		727,781		27,891		167,425		923,097	
Due to other funds		25,990		,,,,,				25,990	
Customer deposits		,_,				40,000		40,000	
Total Liabilities		753,771		27,891		207,425		989,087	
FUND BALANCES									
Non-spendable:									
Inventories				6,089				6,089	
Prepaid items		113,269		0,009				113,269	
Restricted for:		113,209						113,209	
Public safety						41,458		41,458	
Highways & streets						489,486		489,486	
Culture & recreation				109,006		135,784		244,790	
Airport operation and maintenance				109,000		867,756		867,756	
Debt service						393,012			
Unassigned		1,117,838				(36,770)		393,012 1,081,068	
Total Fund Balances				115.005					
i otai r unu dalances		1,231,107		115,095		1,890,726		3,236,928	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,984,878	\$	142,986	\$	2,098,151	\$	4,226,015	

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2017

		Amount
Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$	3,236,928
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation \$201,480,852	1	85,648,763
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.		
capital debt		(8,458,766)
compensated absences		(775,927)
other postemployment benefits payable		(470,213)
Net pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.	(29,913,360)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		4,045,191
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(5,193,129)
Interest accrued on long-term liabilities not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.		(60,985)
statements.		(00,983)
An internal service fund is used by management to account for and charge the cost of motor pool and other fleet vehicles to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service		
fund are reported within governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		551,572
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 1	48,610,074

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

				/				
			r Funds		N	lon-Major		Total
		General		Parks &	Go	vernmental	G	overnmental
DEVENIES		Fund	Recr	eation Fund		Funds		Funds
REVENUES: Taxes	\$	9,488,765	\$	381,087	\$	1,084,587	\$	10,954,439
Licenses and permits	Ф	152,844	Ф	361,067	Ф	1,064,567	Ф	152,844
Intergovernmental:		132,044						132,044
Federal grants		16,526				1,189,768		1,206,294
State of Mississippi:		10,320				1,109,700		1,200,294
Grants		18,971				838,917		857,888
General sales tax		6,303,489				030,717		6,303,489
Gaming tax		1,074,150						1,074,150
Liquor licenses		31,970						31,970
Gasoline tax		25,568						25,568
Municipal aid		17,155						17,155
Privilege tax		69,716						69,716
Homestead reimbursement		393,276		16,735		66,020		476,031
Fire protection		373,270		10,733		192,608		192,608
Other state revenue		20,700				192,000		20,700
Charges for services		34,520		200,558		7,119		242,197
Franchise tax		1,082,862		200,338		7,119		1,082,862
Fines and forfeitures		304,710						304,710
Interest income		25,508		30		796		26,334
Rental income		436,241		18,730		262,715		717,686
Other income		328,583		791		12,813		342,187
Contributions		27,114		3,169		3,408		33,691
Total revenues:		19,852,668		621,100		3,658,751		24,132,519
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		2,187,428				357,932		2,545,360
Public safety		13,134,944				145,211		13,280,155
Public works		1,440,125				67,775		1,507,900
Highways and streets		3,559,964				59,623		3,619,587
Health and sanitation		344,386						344,386
Culture and recreation		407.04.4		904,610		20,526		925,136
Economic development		487,014				2 207 200		487,014
Airport						2,307,289		2,307,289
Debt service:		50.504				1 450 100		1 500 500
Principal paid		68,684				1,470,109		1,538,793
Interest paid		35,274				189,349		224,623
Total expenditures:		21,257,819		904,610		4,617,814		26,780,243
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(1,405,151)		(283,510)		(959,063)		(2,647,724)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Long-term capital debt issued						2,469,000		2,469,000
Sale of capital assets		38,185				18,906		57,091
Transfers in		1,694,742		419,000		658,000		2,771,742
Transfers out		(1,685,814)				(2,401,742)		(4,087,556)
Net other financing sources (uses)		47,113		419,000		744,164		1,210,277
Net change in fund balances		(1,358,038)		135,490		(214,899)		(1,437,447)
Fund balances, beginning as previously reported		2,589,145		(20,395)		2,067,270		4,636,020
Prior period adjustment(s)		, ,		(,>-)		38,355		38,355
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		2,589,145		(20,395)		2,105,625		4,674,375
Fund balance, ending	\$	1,231,107	\$	115,095	\$	1,890,726	\$	3,236,928

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Amount
Net changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (1,437,447)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$3,223,022 exceeded	007.520
depreciation of \$2,235,492.	987,530
The proceeds of long-term debt provides financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the government funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund	
balances by the amount that debt proceeds of \$2,469,000 exceeds debt repayments of \$1,538,793.	(930,207)
In the Statement of Activities, only gains and losses from the sale of capital assets are reported, whereas in the Governmental Funds, proceeds from the sale of capital assets increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount of the net loss of \$379,039 and the proceeds from the sale of assets \$57,091 in the	
current period.	(436,130)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available resources. However, in the statement of activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when due, rather than as it accrues. Thus, the change in net position differs from the balance by a combination of the	
following items: Compensated absences	(28,967)
Change in accrued interest on long-term debt	7,815
Other postemployment benefits payable	(79,494)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:	
Recording of pension expense for the current period	(1,065,244)
Recording of contributions made prior and subsequent to the measurement date Recording of amortization of deferred inflows and outflows in pension expense for the	1,970,329
current period	(1,892,811)
An Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the cost of vehicle pool services to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) is reported within governmental activities.	(86,313)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (2,990,939)

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2017

	Business-Type Activities			Governmental		
		Enterprise Fund Non-Major Enterprise				
	Water & Sewer	Sanitation	Funds	Internal Service		
	Fund	Fund	Total	Fund		
<u>ASSETS</u>	Tunu	Tunu	10111	Tuna		
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 396,775		\$ 396,775	\$ 56,085		
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for	,,		,,			
uncollectibles of \$1,729,446 & 460,473	1,440,510	\$ 287,772	1,728,282			
Intergovernmental receivables	422,585	3,301	425,886	114		
Due from other funds	25,990		25,990			
Other receivables	117,564	9,028	126,592	17,314		
Total Current Assets	2,403,424	300,101	2,703,525	73,513		
Non-current assets:	545.550		545 550			
Restricted assets - cash	717,772		717,772			
Capital assets:						
Land and construction in progress	7,493,792	2,512,541	10,006,333			
Other capital assets, net	39,144,062	798,420	39,942,482	1,076,007		
Total Non-Current Assets	47,355,626	3,310,961	50,666,587	1,076,007		
Total Assets	49,759,050	3,611,062	53,370,112	1,149,520		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pensions	125,805	41,936	167,741	83,872		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	125,805	41,936	167,741	83,872		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	123,803	41,930	107,741	63,672		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	471,588	112,836	584,424	4,568		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued interest payable	36,625	112,030	36,625	4,508		
Current portion of long-term debt	1,066,977		1,066,977			
Total Current Liabilities	1,575,190	112,836	1,688,026	4,568		
Total Cultent Liabilities	1,373,190	112,630	1,088,020	4,508		
Non-current liabilities:						
Other postemployment benefits payable	58,008	16,383	74,391	16,453		
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	717,772	10,000	717,772	10,.55		
Net pension liability	768,000	256,000	1,024,000	512,000		
Capital debt:	700,000	200,000	1,021,000	212,000		
Notes payable	4,083,633		4,083,633			
Capital leases payable	5,151,129		5,151,129			
Non-capital debt:	-,,		-,,			
Compensated absences	15,045	8,323	23,368	38,306		
Total Non-Current Liabilities	10,793,587	280,706	11,074,293	566,759		
Total Liabilities	12,368,777	393,542	12,762,319	571,327		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to pensions	165,739	55,246	220,985	110,493		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	165,739	55,246	220,985	110,493		
NEW DOCUMENT						
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	36,299,490	3,310,961	39,610,451	1,076,007		
Restricted for:						
Public Works	717,772		717,772			
Unrestricted	333,077	(106,751)	226,326	(524,435)		
Total Net Position	\$ 37,350,339	\$ 3,204,210	\$ 40,554,549	\$ 551,572		
	+ 57,000,009	,-0 .,210		- 551,572		

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Bı	Governmental		
	Enterprise Fund Water & Sewer Fund	Non-Major Sanitation Fund	Enterprise Funds Total	Activity Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Charges for services:				
Water sales	\$ 5,191,781		\$ 5,191,781	
Sewer sales	3,862,715		3,862,715	
Sanitation fees		\$ 2,131,051	2,131,051	
Maintenance fees			(\$ 1,970,000
Total Operating Revenues	9,054,496	2,131,051	11,185,547	1,970,000
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Personal services	152,376	20,705	173,081	177,373
Contractual services	4,626,487	2,398,561	7,025,048	1,621,057
Consumable supplies	110,377	40,613	150,990	101,217
Capital Outlay	583,510		583,510	
Depreciation expense	2,386,465	109,338	2,495,803	97,582
Pension expense	76,103	25,367	101,470	50,736
Total Operating Expenses	7,935,318	2,594,584	10,529,902	2,047,965
Operating Income (Loss)	1,119,178	(463,533)	655,645	(77,965)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Intergovernmental grants	94,587		94,587	
Other income	216,921	67,685	284,606	
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets				(8,348)
Interest expenses	(245,434)		(245,434)	
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	66,074	67,685	133,759	(8,348)
Net Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers	1,185,252	(395,848)	789,404	(86,313)
OPERATING TRANSFERS:				
Operating Transfers in	1,378,027	306,560	1,684,587	
Operating Transfers out	(676,560)	200,200	(676,560)	
Net Operating Transfers	701,467	306,560	1,008,027	-
Change in Net Position	1,886,719	(89,288)	1,797,431	(86,313)
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported	33,106,246	2,776,268	35,882,514	379,270
Prior period adjustments	2,357,374	517,230	2,874,604	258,615
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	35,463,620	3,293,498	38,757,118	637,885
Net Position - Ending	\$ 37,350,339	\$ 3,204,210	\$ 40,554,549	\$ 551,572

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Business-Type Activities			Governmental		
	Enterprise Fund Water & Sewer		und Non-Major		Activity	
					Inte	rnal Service
	Fund			Fund		Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 8,834,	806	\$	2,042,926		
Receipts from internal services					\$	1,970,000
Payments to employees for services	(355,	560)		(82,536)		(214,228)
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(5,386,	142)		(2,439,174)		(1,774,760)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	3,093,	104		(478,784)		(18,988)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating transfers, net	701,	467		306,560		
Other receipts	216,	921		67,685		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	918,	388		374,245		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Acquisition of property and equipment	(5,938,	341)		(182,854)		
Capital grants received	94,	587		, , ,		
Principal payments on long-term debt	(1,220,	101)				
Proceeds of long-term debt	2,101,	188				
Interest paid on bonds, loans and capital leases	(245,	434)				
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(5,208,	101)		(182,854)		-
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,196,	609)		(287,393)		(18,988)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, October 1	2,311,	156		287,393		75,073
Cash and Cash Equivalents, September 30	\$ 1,114,	547	\$	-	\$	56,085
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET						
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,119,	178	\$	(463,533)	\$	(77,965)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)						
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation	2,386,			109,338		97,582
Pension expense adjustment		088		10,695		23,340
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(308,	,		(124,170)		
(Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivable	260,	426		19,147		682
(Increase) decrease in interfund receivables						
(Increase) decrease in other receivables	(97,	624)		(5,727)		(17,314)
(Increase) decrease in inventories						67,892
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	30,	426		22,624		(105,693)
Increase (decrease) in interfund payables		• • • •				
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable		308)				
Increase (decrease) in other postemployment benefits payable		484		638		1,388
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	(166,	,				
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	(161,			(47,797)		(8,900)
Total adjustments	1,973,	926		(15,252)		58,977
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 3,093,	104	\$	(478,785)	\$	(18,988)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES September 30, 2017

ASSETS	Agency Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 968,154
Property tax receivable	162,452
Total Assets	1,130,606
LIABILITIES	
Intergovernmental payables	1,071,612
Claims and other payables	58,994_
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,130,606

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Greenville (City), located in Washington County, Mississippi, is incorporated under the laws of the State of Mississippi. The City operates under an elected Mayor-Council form of government with a part-time Mayor elected from the City at-large and six part-time Council members (City Council) elected from wards. The City provides the following services to the citizenry: general administration, police and fire protection, public works, culture and recreation, health and welfare, economic and community development, airport services, water, sanitary sewer, and garbage disposal. The primary sources of revenues are property taxes, sales taxes, gaming, and utility billings.

For financial reporting purposes, the reporting entity includes all funds that are covered by the oversight responsibility of the City's governing council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), various criteria are applied in order to determine any component units that should be reported as part of the City. Such criteria include management oversight responsibility by the elected officials such as decision-making authority, accountability to the City, legal and financial responsibility, and inter-agency relationships. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no component units required by GAAP to be reported as part of the reporting entity of the City. The following represents an entity to which the City has a combined interest in conjunction with another government:

<u>William Alexander Percy Memorial Library</u>-The City has a joint interest with Washington County, which is the primary oversight agency of the library. The City currently levies a 1.70 mill tax to support the library. This tax levy is remitted to the library monthly as it is collected.

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, fund financial statements and accompanying note disclosures which provide a detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information concerning the City as a whole. The statements include all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues and are reported separately from business-type activities. Business-type activities rely mainly on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities and business-type activities of the City at year end. The Government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the City's governmental activities and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City,

with certain limited exceptions. Internal service fund balances have been eliminated against the expenses and program revenue. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business-type activity or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the City are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Major individual Governmental funds and major Enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The Government-wide, Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds (excluding agency funds) financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenues are recognized when the provider government recognizes the liability to the City. Grants are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Agency funds have no measurement focus but use the accrual basis of accounting.

The revenue and expenses of Proprietary funds are classified as operating or non-operating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a Proprietary Fund's primary operations. All other revenues and expenses are reported as non-operating.

Governmental financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are both measurable and available to finance operations during the year or to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Available means collected in the current period or within 60 days after year end to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period when the related fund liabilities are incurred. Debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized only when payment is due. Property taxes, state appropriations and federal awards are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Parks & Recreation Fund</u> - The Parks & Recreation fund is used to account for all monies from specific revenue sources that are restricted for the operation and maintenance of the City's parks and recreational facilities.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

<u>Water & Sewer Fund</u> - This fund accounts for revenues and expenses related to potable water and sanitary sewer services provided to residents of the City.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or other capital assets.

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises or where the city has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - The fund is used to account for those operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City's internal service fund provides fleet and equipment maintenance to the other departments of the City.

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds account for various taxes, deposits and other monies collected or held by the City, acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

D. Account Classifications.

The account classification used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting* as issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association.

E. Deposits and Investments

State law authorizes the City to invest in interest bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of fourteen days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any county, municipality or school district of this state. Further, the City may invest in certain repurchase agreements.

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, all certificates of deposit and cash equivalents which are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash (generally three months or less). Investments in governmental securities are stated at fair value. However, the City did not invest in any governmental securities during the fiscal year.

F. Receivables

Receivables are reported net of allowance for uncollectible accounts, where applicable.

G. Inter-fund Transactions and Balances

Transactions between funds that are representative of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements and transactions that have not resulted in the actual transfer of cash at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Non-current portions of inter-fund receivables and payables are reported as "advances to/from other funds". Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a non-spendable fund balance account in the General Fund, if applicable, to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. However, this is not applicable to advances reported in other governmental funds, which are reported, by definition, as restricted, committed, or assigned. Inter-fund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. Any outstanding balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government wide financial statements as "internal balances".

H. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories in the governmental and enterprise funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. These inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of these governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

I. Restricted Assets

Proprietary Fund assets required to be held and/or used as specified in bond indentures, bond resolutions, trustee agreements, council resolutions and donor specifications have been reported as restricted assets. When both restricted and non-restricted assets are available for use, the policy is to use restricted assets first.

J. Capital Assets

Capital asset acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are stated at historical cost where records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no records exist. Capital assets include significant amounts of infrastructure which have been valued at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost was based on replacement cost multiplied by the consumer price index implicit price deflator for the year of acquisition. The extent to which capital assets, other than infrastructure, cost have been

estimated and the methods of cost estimation, are not readily available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend their respective lives are not capitalized; however, improvements are capitalized. Interest expenditures are not capitalized on capital assets.

Capital assets acquired or constructed for Proprietary Fund operations are capitalized at cost in the respective funds in which they are utilized. Interest cost incurred during the construction of Proprietary Fund capital assets is capitalized as part of the cost of construction. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair value at the time of donation.

Capitalization thresholds (dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives are used to report capital assets in the government-wide statements and Proprietary Funds. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land. A full year's depreciation expense is taken for all purchases and sales of capital assets during the year.

The following schedule details those thresholds and estimated useful lives:

	Capitalization	Estimated
Asset Classification	Thresholds	Useful Life
Land	\$ -0-	N/A
Infrastructure	-0-	20-50 years
Building	50,000	40 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment and machinery	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital lease	*	*

^{*} The leased property capitalization policy and estimated useful life will correspond with the amounts for the asset classification, as listed above.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

<u>Deferred outflows related to pensions</u> – This amount represents the City's proportionate share of the deferred outflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the City participates. See Note 11 for additional details.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

<u>Deferred inflows related to pensions</u> – This amount represents the City's proportionate share of the deferred inflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the City participates. See Note 11 for additional details.

L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS) and the Mississippi Municipal Retirement System (MMRS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' and MMRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS and MMRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

M. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities are the un-matured principal of bonds, loans, notes or other forms of non-current or long-term general obligation indebtedness. Long-term liabilities are not limited to liabilities from debt issuances but may also include liabilities on lease-purchase agreements and other commitments.

In government-wide financial statements and in the Proprietary Fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities or Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position.

N. Equity Classifications

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as Net Position and displayed in three components:

Net invested in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - All other net position not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Net Position Flow Assumption:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the City's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the City's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Government fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. The following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the City:

Non-spendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent. This includes amounts that are either not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties are restricted, committed or assigned) or amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as a principal balance of a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption:

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the City's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the City's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

O. Risk Management

The City carries commercial insurance with respect to risks including, but not limited to, property damage and personal injury. Insurance coverage remains relatively constant, and settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year.

P. Estimates and Assumptions

A number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of revenues, expense, expenditures, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities were used to prepare these financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Q. Property Tax Revenues

Numerous statutes exist under which the City may levy property taxes. The selection of authorities is made based on the objectives and responsibilities of the City. Restrictions associated with property tax levies vary with the statutory authority. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

The City, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase. All unpaid taxes levied October 1st become delinquent February 1st of the following year. Delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible and therefore no allowance for uncollectible taxes is provided. The City entered an inter-local agreement with the Washington County Tax Collector for the billing and collection of its real and personal property taxes, motor vehicle, and mobile home. Taxes are billed, collected, and remitted to the City by the Washington County Tax Collector each month. The millage rate for the City for the 2016 taxes was 59.41 mills as: 47.00 mills for the general fund, 6.09 mills for the debt service fund, 1.70 mills for library maintenance, 2.00 mills for park maintenance, and 2.62 mills for fire and police disability fund.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes to be recognized at the levy date if measurable and available. All property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and collectability criteria for property tax recognition because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase occurs.

R. Intergovernmental Revenues in Governmental Funds.

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting of grants, entitlements and shared revenues, are usually recorded in Governmental Funds when measurable and available. However, the "available" criterion applies for certain federal grants and shared revenues when the expenditure is made because expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Similarly, if cost sharing or matching requirements exist, revenue recognition depends on compliance with these requirements.

S. Compensated Absences

The City has adopted a policy of compensation for accumulated unpaid employee personal leave. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require accrual of accumulated unpaid employee benefits as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements and Proprietary Funds financial statements. In fund financial statements, Governmental Funds report the compensated absence liability payable only if the payable has matured, for example an employee resigns or retires.

The City's employees accumulate personal leave in following manner: Each shall earn one (1) working day per month for annual leave during the first 15 years of employment. After 15 years of continuous employment, each employee shall earn one and one-half (1&1/2) days per month for annual leave. An employee must have worked a minimum of six (6) months before being eligible to use vacation time. Vacation time will be computed by using the employee's anniversary date times the number of months worked. Accumulated vacation leave may be carried over from year to year. However, upon an employee's

termination of employment with the City of Greenville, no employee shall receive compensation in excess of thirty (30) days.

Any accumulated vacation time in excess of thirty (30) days may be applied as creditable service time through the Public Retirement System. All firefighters working on the 24/48-hour shift are allowed five (5) shift absences per year of employment to be used as approved vacation. After 15 years of continuous employment, each firefighter will be allowed seven (7) shift absences per year of employment to be used as approved vacation.

T. Changes in Accounting Standards.

The City implemented the following standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in the current fiscal year as required: GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures* and GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73*. The provisions of these standards have been incorporated into the financial statements and notes.

NOTE 2: PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

A summary of significant fund equity adjustments is as follows:

Statement of Activities: Governmental Activities		
Explanation		Amount
Adjustment to correct prior year error in recording capital assets	\$	3,192
Adjustment to record changes in pension related accounts due to the outsourcing of		(2,002,000)
Public Works and Highways & Streets Departments		(3,093,080)
Internal Service Fund operations		258,615
Adjustment for prior year revenue applicable to the FAA 2016 airport project	\$	38,355 (2,792,918)
	Ψ	(2,772,710)
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances: Governmental		
Explanation		Amount
Adjustment for prior year revenue applicable to the FAA 2016 airport project	\$	38,355
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position: Proprietary Funds		
Explanation		Amount
Adjustment to correct prior year error in recording capital assets Adjustment to record changes in pension related accounts due to the outsourcing of	\$	29,839
Water & Sewer Fund operations		2,327,535
Sanitation Fund operations		517,230
Santation Fund operations		2,874,604
Internal Service Fund operations		258,615
internal Service I and operations	\$	3,133,219
		-,,

NOTE 3: BUDGET POLICY

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- A. Prior to August 1st, the City Clerk and Chief Administrative Officer submits to the Mayor and Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1st. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- B. Public notice is given of the City's budget meetings being open to the public, so that public hearings are conducted at City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- C. Prior to September 15th, the budget is legally enacted through adoption by the Mayor and City Council.
- D. The budget is formally revised during the year and properly amended by the Mayor and City Council.
- E. Budgetary comparisons are employed by management as a management control device during the year for all funds.
- F. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Mississippi laws require that municipalities budget revenue and expenditures on a modified-cash basis. Claims that have been incurred prior to the end of the year and that are paid within 30 days are recorded under the accrual basis. Prior year claims that are paid after 30 days revert to the cash basis. All revenue is accounted for under the cash basis. The required budgetary basis is therefore not considered a generally accepted accounting principal. Governmental accounting requires that the "budget to actual" statements be prepared according to budgetary laws and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and fund balance be prepared according to the modified-accrual basis (GAAP). The major reconciling items between the budgetary and GAAP presentations are presented on the "budget to actual" statements.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS

Deposits

The carrying amount of the City's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2017 was \$4,057,949 and the bank balance was \$4,269,602. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions are held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss Code Annotated (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace deposits not covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

<u>Custodial Credit Risk- Deposits.</u> Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the City.

NOTE 5: INTER-FUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Due From/To Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Water & Sewer Fund	General Fund	25,990
TOTAL		\$25,990

Transfers In/Out:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	Amount
General Fund	Water & Sewer Fund	\$ 500,000
General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	1,194,742
Major Fund Parks & Recreation	General Fund	384,000
Major Fund Parks & Recreation	Non-Major Governmental Funds	35,000
Non-Major Governmental Funds	General Fund	658,000
Water & Sewer Fund	General Fund	336,027
Water & Sewer Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	1,042,000
Sanitation Fund	Water & Sewer Fund	176,560
Sanitation Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	130,000
Agency Fund	General Fund	307,787
TOTAL		\$4,764,116

The purpose of the transfers were to: appropriate gaming revenues in the amount of \$1,342,000 for operations, maintenance, and capital expenditures to Major Fund Parks & Recreation (\$384,000), Non-Major Governmental Funds (\$658,000), and the Water & Sewer Fund (\$300,000); distribute proceeds from debt in the amount of \$2,401,742 for operational, maintenance, and capital expenditures to General Fund (\$1,194,742), Major Fund Parks and Recreation (\$35,000), Water & Sewer Fund (\$1,042,000), and Sanitation Fund (\$130,000); transfers from Water & Sewer Fund to General Fund (\$500,000) for operational expenditures; transfers from General Fund to Water & Sewer Fund (\$36,027) for SRF note payment; transfers from Water & Sewer Fund (\$307,787) for the transfer of the employee insurance cash account.

NOTE 6: RECEIVABLES AND UN-COLLECTIBLES

Governmental Activities

Inter-Governmental Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, the receivables and related revenues include all amounts due to the City regardless of when cash is received. In the governmental fund financial statements, the revenues are offset, and revenue recognition deferred by the amounts not received within 60 days of fiscal year-end. Intergovernmental and Other receivables at September 30, 2017 include the following:

Description	Amount
Inter-governmental receivable:	
Federal	
Brownfield grant	5,962
Airport Security	4,532
FAA projects	131,686
Railroad Depot	10,473
FEMA-Flood 2016	20,038
State	
FAA projects and Multi-Modal grants	87,345
MEMA	18,144
TOTAL	\$278,180

Other Receivables

Description	Amount
Receivables:	
Property tax	\$ 171,298
Franchise fees	297,127
Fines, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,968,370	1,331,326
Other receivable Gaming rent	35,000
Other receivable Clearwater	23,058
Other receivable related to Schelben Park	31,582
Other receivable related to MS River Walking Trail	17,800
Other receivable related to bond refunding	2,123
TOTAL	\$1,909,314

Business-type Activities

Significant receivables include amounts due from customers for utility services that are based on monthly cycle billings. The Water & Sewer and Sanitation accounts receivables of \$1,440,510 and \$287,772 respectively are reported net of estimated un-collectibles of \$1,729,446 and \$460,473.

Intergovernmental receivables of \$425,886 consisted of amounts due FEMA and MEMA (\$330,148) and the Corp of Engineers Grant (\$95,738) related to reimbursement for expenses incurred during the fiscal year.

Other receivables of \$126,592 represent amounts due for sales tax (\$5,394), bank debits and returned checks of (\$59,066), Clearwater (\$47,916) and Port of Greenville (\$14,216).

NOTE 7: RESTRICTED ASSETS

The balance of restricted net asset accounts in the governmental activities and business-type activities funds are as follows:

	Gov	Governmental		iness-Type		
Description	A	Activities		Activities A		Activities
Airport lease deposit	\$	40,000				
Customer deposits			\$	717,772		
Total	\$	40,000	\$	717,772		

NOTE 8: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, was as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Balance				Balance
	Oct. 1, 2016	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	Sept. 30, 2017
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 85,385,542	19,772			\$ 85,405,314
Construction in progress	5,160,932	1,231,272		(5,650,996)	741,208
Total non-depreciable capital assets	90,546,474	1,251,044		(5,650,996)	86,146,522
Depreciable capital assets:					
Infrastructure	256,422,818	44,576	1,307,115	5,653,819	260,814,098
Buildings & Improvements	29,780,333	702,738			30,483,071
Mobile & machinery equipment	9,073,408	899,065	344,494		9,627,979
Furniture & equipment	2,594,876	325,597		520	2,920,993
Leased property under capital lease	1,353,772				1,353,772
Total depreciable capital assets	299,225,207	1,971,976	1,651,609	5,654,339	305,199,913
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	172,737,258	1,230,384	935,761		173,031,881
Buildings & Improvements	22,875,840	282,594			23,158,434
Mobile & machinery equipment	6,068,641	470,752	279,718		6,259,675
Furniture & equipment	1,551,422	295,192		150	1,846,764
Leased property under capital lease	270,759	54,152			324,911
Total accumulated depreciation	203,503,920	2,333,074	1,215,479	150	204,621,665
Depreciable capital assets, net	95,721,287	(361,098)	436,130	5,654,189	100,578,248
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$186,267,761	889,946	436,130	3,193	\$186,724,770
RUSINESS.TVPE ACTIVITIES	Ralance				Ralance
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	Balance Oct. 1, 2016	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	Balance Sept. 30, 2017
	Balance Oct. 1, 2016	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	Balance Sept. 30, 2017
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Non-depreciable capital assets: Land		Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	
Non-depreciable capital assets:	Oct. 1, 2016	Additions 5,104,084	Deletions	Adjustments	Sept. 30, 2017
Non-depreciable capital assets: Land	Oct. 1, 2016 \$ 2,512,541		Deletions -	Adjustments	Sept. 30, 2017 \$ 2,512,541
Non-depreciable capital assets: Land Construction in progress	Oct. 1, 2016 \$ 2,512,541 2,389,708	5,104,084			Sept. 30, 2017 \$ 2,512,541 7,493,792
Non-depreciable capital assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets	Oct. 1, 2016 \$ 2,512,541 2,389,708	5,104,084			Sept. 30, 2017 \$ 2,512,541 7,493,792
Non-depreciable capital assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets:	\$ 2,512,541 2,389,708 4,902,249	5,104,084 5,104,084			\$ 2,512,541 7,493,792 10,006,333
Non-depreciable capital assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets: Infrastructure	9 2,512,541 2,389,708 4,902,249 348,678,957	5,104,084 5,104,084			\$ 2,512,541 7,493,792 10,006,333 349,156,360
Non-depreciable capital assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets: Infrastructure Buildings & improvements Mobile & machinery equipment Furniture & equipment	9 2,512,541 2,389,708 4,902,249 348,678,957 34,782,882	5,104,084 5,104,084 445,453			\$ 2,512,541 7,493,792 10,006,333 349,156,360 34,782,882
Non-depreciable capital assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets: Infrastructure Buildings & improvements Mobile & machinery equipment Furniture & equipment Leased property under capital lease	\$ 2,512,541 2,389,708 4,902,249 348,678,957 34,782,882 11,027,865	5,104,084 5,104,084 445,453 481,617 90,042		31,950	\$ 2,512,541 7,493,792 10,006,333 349,156,360 34,782,882 11,509,482
Non-depreciable capital assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets: Infrastructure Buildings & improvements Mobile & machinery equipment Furniture & equipment	\$ 2,512,541 2,389,708 4,902,249 348,678,957 34,782,882 11,027,865 789,716	5,104,084 5,104,084 445,453 481,617			\$ 2,512,541 7,493,792 10,006,333 349,156,360 34,782,882 11,509,482 879,758
Non-depreciable capital assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets: Infrastructure Buildings & improvements Mobile & machinery equipment Furniture & equipment Leased property under capital lease	\$ 2,512,541 2,389,708 4,902,249 348,678,957 34,782,882 11,027,865 789,716 7,700,785	5,104,084 5,104,084 445,453 481,617 90,042		31,950	\$ 2,512,541 7,493,792 10,006,333 349,156,360 34,782,882 11,509,482 879,758 7,700,785
Non-depreciable capital assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets: Infrastructure Buildings & improvements Mobile & machinery equipment Furniture & equipment Leased property under capital lease Total depreciable capital assets	\$ 2,512,541 2,389,708 4,902,249 348,678,957 34,782,882 11,027,865 789,716 7,700,785	5,104,084 5,104,084 445,453 481,617 90,042		31,950	\$ 2,512,541 7,493,792 10,006,333 349,156,360 34,782,882 11,509,482 879,758 7,700,785
Non-depreciable capital assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets: Infrastructure Buildings & improvements Mobile & machinery equipment Furniture & equipment Leased property under capital lease Total depreciable capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for:	\$ 2,512,541 2,389,708 4,902,249 348,678,957 34,782,882 11,027,865 789,716 7,700,785 402,980,205	5,104,084 5,104,084 445,453 481,617 90,042 1,017,112 1,926,397		31,950	\$ 2,512,541 7,493,792 10,006,333 349,156,360 34,782,882 11,509,482 879,758 7,700,785 404,029,267
Non-depreciable capital assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets: Infrastructure Buildings & improvements Mobile & machinery equipment Furniture & equipment Leased property under capital lease Total depreciable capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure	348,678,957 34,782,882 11,027,865 7,700,785 402,980,205	5,104,084 5,104,084 445,453 481,617 90,042 1,017,112		31,950	\$ 2,512,541 7,493,792 10,006,333 349,156,360 34,782,882 11,509,482 879,758 7,700,785 404,029,267
Non-depreciable capital assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets: Infrastructure Buildings & improvements Mobile & machinery equipment Furniture & equipment Leased property under capital lease Total depreciable capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure Buildings & Improvements	348,678,957 347,82,882 11,027,865 789,716 7,700,785 402,980,205	5,104,084 5,104,084 445,453 481,617 90,042 1,017,112 1,926,397 1,513		31,950	\$ 2,512,541 7,493,792 10,006,333 349,156,360 34,782,882 11,509,482 879,758 7,700,785 404,029,267 325,330,355 27,820,036
Non-depreciable capital assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets: Infrastructure Buildings & improvements Mobile & machinery equipment Furniture & equipment Leased property under capital lease Total depreciable capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure Buildings & Improvements Mobile & machinery equipment Furniture & equipment Furniture & equipment Leased property under capital lease	348,678,957 347,82,882 11,027,865 789,716 7,700,785 402,980,205 323,401,847 27,818,523 9,183,740	5,104,084 5,104,084 445,453 481,617 90,042 1,017,112 1,926,397 1,513 172,696		31,950	\$ 2,512,541 7,493,792 10,006,333 349,156,360 34,782,882 11,509,482 879,758 7,700,785 404,029,267 325,330,355 27,820,036 9,356,436
Non-depreciable capital assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets: Infrastructure Buildings & improvements Mobile & machinery equipment Furniture & equipment Leased property under capital lease Total depreciable capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure Buildings & Improvements Mobile & machinery equipment Furniture & equipment	348,678,957 347,82,882 11,027,865 789,716 7,700,785 402,980,205 323,401,847 27,818,523 9,183,740 260,668	5,104,084 5,104,084 445,453 481,617 90,042 1,017,112 1,926,397 1,513 172,696 87,166		31,950	\$ 2,512,541 7,493,792 10,006,333 349,156,360 34,782,882 11,509,482 879,758 7,700,785 404,029,267 325,330,355 27,820,036 9,356,436 347,834
Non-depreciable capital assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets: Infrastructure Buildings & improvements Mobile & machinery equipment Furniture & equipment Leased property under capital lease Total depreciable capital assets Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure Buildings & Improvements Mobile & machinery equipment Furniture & equipment Furniture & equipment Leased property under capital lease	348,678,957 347,82,882 11,027,865 789,716 7,700,785 402,980,205 323,401,847 27,818,523 9,183,740 260,668 924,093	5,104,084 5,104,084 445,453 481,617 90,042 1,017,112 1,926,397 1,513 172,696 87,166 308,031		31,950 31,950 2,111	\$ 2,512,541 7,493,792 10,006,333 349,156,360 34,782,882 11,509,482 879,758 7,700,785 404,029,267 325,330,355 27,820,036 9,356,436 347,834 1,232,124

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental functions, as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Amount
General government	\$ 103,170
Public safety	422,316
Public works	78,992
Highway & streets	1,046,249
Health & welfare	7,545
Culture & recreation	50,461
Airport	526,759
Internal service fund	97,582
Total governmental activities depreciation	\$ 2,333,074

Depreciation expense was charged to the business-type functions, as follows:

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	Amount
Sewer & Water	\$ 2,386,465
Sanitation	109,338
Total business-type activities depreciation	\$ 2,495,803

Commitments with respect to major unfinished capital projects at September 30, 2017, consisted of the following:

Description	Remaining Financial Commitment	Expected Date of Completion
Sewer Projects	Unknown	Unknown

NOTE 9: CAPITAL LEASES

As Lessee:

The City is obligated for the following capital assets acquired by capital leases as of September 30, 2017:

	Governmental	Business-Type
Classes of Property	Activities	Activities
Building improvements	\$ 1,353,772	
Water meters and related equipment		\$ 7,700,785
Less: Accumulated depreciation	324,911	1,232,124
Leased property under capital leases	\$ 1,028,861	\$ 6,468,661

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due as of September 30, 2017:

		Governmental Activities				Business-Ty	уре А	ctivities	
Year Ending September 30,	P	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2018	\$	71,352	\$	32,606	\$	455,721	\$	208,249	
2019		74,125		29,833		473,427		190,543	
2020		77,005		26,953		491,821		172,148	
2021		79,997		23,961		510,930		153,039	
2022		83,105		20,853		530,782		133,188	
2023-2027		466,540		53,249		2,979,751		340,097	
2028		25,743		246		164,418		1,574	
Total	\$	877,867	\$	187,701	\$	5,606,850	\$	1,198,838	

NOTE 10: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The council administers the City's health insurance plan which is authorized by Sections 25-15-101 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972). The City's health insurance plan may be amended by the City Council. The City purchases health insurance coverage from a commercial insurance company and offers health insurance benefit coverage through the City's health insurance plan (the Plan). Since retirees may obtain health insurance by participating in a group with active employees and consequently receive a health insurance premium rate differential, the City has a postemployment healthcare benefit reportable under GASB Statement 45 as a single employer defined benefit health care plan. Effective October 1, 2012, the City implemented GASB Statement 45 prospectively, which requires reporting on an accrual basis the liability associated with other postemployment benefits. The City does not issue a publicly available financial report of the Plan.

Funding Policy

Employees' premiums are funded by the City with additional funding provided by retired employees and by active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The City Council, acting in conjunction with the commercial insurance company, has the sole authority for setting health insurance premiums for the city's health insurance plan.

Actuarial Valuation

The City's Health Insurance Plan's Report of the Actuary on the Other Postemployment Benefits Valuation was prepared as of October 1, 2016. The plan presently has an actuarial valuation performed bi-annually to be in compliance with GASB Statement 45.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC is determined assuming the plan would fund the OPEB liability on a pay-as-you-go basis. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The current ARC of \$96,676 is 1.36 percent of annual covered payroll.

The following table presents the OPEB cost for the year, the amount contributed and changes in the OPEB plan for fiscal year 2017:

	2017
Annual required contribution	\$ 96,676
Interest on net OPEB obligation	15,487
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(6,548)
Annual OPEB cost	105,615
Employer payments for retiree benefits	(21,610)
Increase in the net OPEB obligation	84,004
Net OPEB obligation – beginning of year	477,052
Net OPEB obligation – end of year	\$ 561,056

The following table provides the city's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal years 2015-2017:

Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB obligation
2015	\$178,865	25.85%	\$132,889
2016	\$ 98,569	20.20%	\$ 78,652
2017	\$105,615	20.50%	\$ 84,004

Funding Status and Funding Progress

The following table provides funding information for the most recent actuarial valuation date:

Actuarial Valuation Date	October 1, 2016
Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (a)	\$-0-
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	\$755,733
Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	\$755,733
Funded Ratio (a/b)	-0-%
Annual Covered Payroll (c)	\$7,097,145
UAAL as a Percentage of Annual Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)	10.60%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, is designed to present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Actuarial valuation date	October 1, 2016
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost
Amortization method	30 Year Level Percentage of Pay
Remaining amortization period	Twenty-seven Years
Asset valuation method	Not Applicable
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	Not Applicable
Projected salary increases	2 % per annum
Healthcare cost trend rate	8.5% graded uniformly to 5% over 7 years
Ultimate trend rate	5%
Year of ultimate trend rate	2024

NOTE 11: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Public Employees Retirement System

General Information about the Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The City of Greenville contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201-1005 or by calling 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits Provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public-school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each addition year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

<u>Contributions</u>. At September 30, 2017, PERS members were required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary, and the City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate at September 30, 2017 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The City's contributions (employer share only) to PERS for the years ending September 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$1,467,162, \$1,861,107, and \$1,779,564, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2017 the City reported a liability of \$25,600,027 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2017 net pension liability was 0.154 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended September 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,536,770. At September 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows
	of Resources		of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	426,997	186,796
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
pension plan investments		2,702,904	1,977,997
Changes of assumptions		664,164	50,421
Changes in the proportion and differences between actual			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions			3,309,393
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		399,469	
	\$	4,193,534	5,524,607

The \$399,469 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending	
September 30:	Amount
2018	\$ (88,351)
2019	(783,861)
2020	(363,828)
2021	(494,502)
Total	\$ (1,730,542)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.75 - 18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scaled BB to 2022, with male rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2017, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Broad	27.00%	4.60
International Equity	18.00%	4.50
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00%	4.75
Global	12.00%	4.75
Fixed Income	18.00%	0.75
Real Assets	10.00%	3.50
Private Equity	8.00%	5.10
Emerging Debt	2.00%	2.50
Cash	1.00%	
	100.00%	

<u>Discount Rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (15.75%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) that the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	 (6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
Proportionate share of the	 _		
net pension liability	\$ 33,576,144	25,600,027	18,978,116

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Mississippi Municipal Retirement Systems

General information about the Plan

Plan Description. The City also participates in the Mississippi Municipal Retirement Systems ("MMRS") City of Greenville Fire and Police Plan which has been closed to new participants since July 1, 1976. MMRS is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by PERS. MMRS was designed to provide retirement benefits for firefighters and police officers. The City is one of seventeen cities providing retirement benefits to firefighters and police officers. Plan provisions are established by Miss. Code Ann. §21-29-1 et seq. (1972, as amended) and annual local and private legislation. Statutes may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available report entitled the Report on the Annual Valuation of the Mississippi Municipal Retirement Systems. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS, 39201 or by calling (601)359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

<u>Benefits Provided.</u> Membership in the MMRS is comprised of employees who were hired prior to July 1, 1976 and includes only those eligible employees of the City who did not opt to become a member of PERS. MMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries.

A retirement allowance is payable to any member who retires and has completed at least 20 years of creditable service, regardless of age. Any firefighter or police officer who has attained age 65 shall be retired forthwith. The annual retirement allowance payable to a retired member is equal to (1) 50.0 percent of average compensation, plus (2) 1.7 percent of average compensation for each year of credited service over 20. The aggregate amount of (1) and (2) shall not exceed 66.6 percent of average compensation, regardless of service.

A disability retirement allowance is payable to any member who is not eligible for a service retirement benefit, but who becomes totally and permanently disabled regardless of creditable service, if the disability is due to causes in the performance of duty. If the disability is not due to causes in the performance of duty, the member must have completed at least five years of creditable service to be eligible for disability retirement. The annual disability retirement allowance payable is equal to 50.0 percent of the member's salary at the time of retirement, if the disability is due to causes in the performance of duty. If the disability is not due to causes in the performance of duty, the allowance is equal to 2.5 percent times credited service, not in excess of 20 years, times the member's salary at the time of retirement for firefighters and police officers.

A death benefit is payable upon the death of a member under the following conditions: (a) the member has retired; (b) the member is eligible to retire; (c) the death is in the line of duty; or (d) the death is not in the line of duty but occurs after the member has five years of credited service. The death benefit is payable to the surviving spouse and to children under age 18, to dependent children through age 23 when full-time students, and to dependent children of any age if handicapped. The annual benefit payable, under all conditions in the case of firefighters and police officers is equal to 2.5 percent of average compensation for each year over 20, with a maximum benefit of 66.67 percent of average compensation.

Upon a member's termination of employment for any reason before retirement, the member's accumulated contributions are refunded. Upon the death of a member who is not eligible for any other death benefit, the member's accumulated contributions are paid to the member's beneficiary.

The allowances of certain retired members are adjusted annually by a Cost-of-Living Adjustment ("COLA") on the basis of the annual percentage change in each fiscal year of the Consumer Price Index. All retirees and beneficiaries who were receiving a retirement allowance as of June 30, 1999, were granted a 3.9 percent adhoc benefit increase.

At June 30, 2017 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the plan:

Inactive Members or Their Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits 76

<u>Contributions</u>. Funding policies for MMRS are established by Mississippi statutes. Employer contributions are paid through an annual millage rate on the assessed property values of the City. For the year ended September 30, 2017, the City levied 2.62 mills to help fund MMRS. These millage rates are determined through review of the plan benefit structure during the MMRS annual actuarial valuation and certification by the actuary as to the funding level required of the City. The City's contributions to the Greenville Fire and Police Plan for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, was \$589,633.

<u>Net Pension Liability</u>. The City's net pension liability is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the plans was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions.</u> The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial information and assumptions:

DescriptionAssumptionsValuation dateJune 30, 2015

Actuarial cost method Ultimate Asset Reserve

Amortization method N/A
Remaining amortization period N/A

Asset Valuation method Five-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases 4.00 - 5.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were adopted by the PERS Board of Trustees when the Experience Investigation for the Four-Year Period Ending June 30, 2014, was adopted on April 21, 2015. Further details can be found on the PERS website.

<u>Discount Rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (2.62 mills). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Changes in Net Pension Liability.</u> Changes in the City's net pension liability for the year ended September 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability (Asset)	
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$ 9,335,834	3,225,718	6,110,116	
Changes for the year:				
Service Cost			-	
Interest	685,107		685,107	
Changes of benefit terms			-	
Difference between expected and				
actual experience	25,167		25,167	
Changes of assumptions	29,545			
Contributions - employer		589,633	(589,633)	
Contributions - employee			-	
Net Investment income		419,956	(419,956)	
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions	(991,494)	(991,494)	-	
Administrative expense		(11,793)	11,793	
Other changes		2,805	(2,805)	
Net Changes	(251,675)	9,107	(260,782)	
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$ 9,084,159	3,234,825	5,849,334	

<u>Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>. The following presents the plan net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	_	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
Proportionate share of the	_	_		
net pension liability	\$	6,535,720	5,849,334	5,247,984

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.</u> Detailed information about the pension plans fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS and MMRS financial reports.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2017, the plan recognized pension expense of \$573,491.

At September 30, 2017, the plan reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows
		of Resources	of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	\$	_	
pension plan investments		71,342	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		31,927	
	\$	103,269	-

The above deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources represent the unamortized portion of changes to net pension liability to be recognized in future periods in a systematic and rational manner.

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2017.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending	
September 30:	Amount
2018	\$ 48,289
2019	48,287
2020	11,966
2021	(37,200)
Total	\$ 71,342

Summary of Pension Plan Balances

The City's pension related balances presented on the Statement of Net Position as of September 30, 2017, by individual plan are as follows:

	- -	PERS	MMRS	Total
Deferred outflows - Pensions	\$	4,193,535	103,269	4,296,804
Net pension liability		25,600,027	5,849,334	31,449,361
Deferred inflows - Pensions		5,524,607	-	5,524,607
Pension expense	\$	2,536,770	573,491	3,110,261

NOTE 12: LONG-TERM DEBT

The City's long-term debt is made up of general obligation bonds, notes payable, capital leases and compensated absences. General obligation bonds and notes are direct obligations. They are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The City also incurs debt in the form of various other notes payable and capital leases which are to be repaid through daily operations.

The City is subject to a general statutory debt limitation under which no City in the State may incur general obligation indebtedness in an amount that exceeds 15 percent of the assessed value of the taxable property within the City according to the last completed assessment for taxation.

In computing general obligation indebtedness for purposes of such 15 percent limitation, there may be deducted all bonds or other evidences of indebtedness issued for school, water and sewerage systems, gas and light and power purposes, and for construction of special improvements primarily chargeable to the property that benefited, or for the purpose of paying a City's proportion of any betterment program, a portion of which is primarily chargeable to the property benefited. However, in no case may a City contract any indebtedness payable in whole or in part from proceeds of ad valorem taxes which, when added to all of its outstanding general obligation indebtedness, both bonded and floating, exceeds 20 percent of the assessed value of the taxable property within such City.

In arriving at the limitations set forth, bonds issued for school purposes, bonds payable exclusively from the revenues of any municipally-owned utility, general obligation industrial bonds issued under provisions of Section 57-1-1 to 57-1-51, Mississippi Code of 1972, Annotated, Revised 1989 and special assessment improvement bonds issued under the provisions of Sections 21-41-1 to 21-41-53, Mississippi Code of 1972, Annotated, Revised 1990, are not included. Also excluded from both limitations are contract obligations subject to annual appropriations.

The margin for additional debt under the above debt limits as of September 30, 2017 is approximately:

<u>15% Limit</u> <u>20% Limit</u> \$22,625,48 \$32,885,114

Debt outstanding as of September 30, 2017, consisted of the following:

			Final
	Amount	Interest	Maturity
Description and Purpose	Outstanding	Rate	Date
Governmental Activities:			
A. General Obligation Bonds:			
Series 2008-Street Bond	95,000	3.750 to 5.125	10-2018
Series 2010-Street Bond	930,000	3.000 to 4.150	05-2022
Series 2015-Refunding Bond	2,802,000	1.538 to 2.634	04-2028
Total General Obligation Bonds	3,827,000		
B. Other Loans			
GO Note-Equipment & Expenses	206,511	1.51	09-2018
GO Note-Pierce Fire Truck	288,084	1.77	02-2021
GO Note-Equipment & Expenses	1,042,761	1.73	03-2021
GO Note-Equipment, vehicles & building	695,108	2.01	12-2021
GO Note-Equipment & vehicles	877,727	1.93	02-2022
GO Note-Sewer lifts & water tank	643,708	2.09	04-2022
Total Other Loans	3,753,899		
C. Capital Leases:			
Energy Project-Siemens	877,867	3.83	10-2027
Total Capital Leases	877,867		
Business-Type Activities:			
A. Other Loans			
GO Note-SRF Refunding	572,521	1.51	06-2018
State Revolving-C280767-07	324,654	1.75	03-2030
State Revolving-C280767-08	348,742	1.75	01-2037
	1,245,917		
State Revolving-C280767-09	3,448,972	drawn to date	
Total Other Loans	4,694,889		
B. Capital Leases:			
Energy Project-Siemens	5,606,850	3.83	10-2027
Total Capital Leases	\$ 5,606,850		
1			

The annual debt service requirements of long-term debt of September 30, 2017 are as follows:

	General Obli	gation Bonds	Other Loans			
Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2018	412,000	110,073	1,073,552	61,731		
2019	431,000	95,503	883,529	43,547		
2020	440,000	82,923	900,335	26,741		
2021	455,000	69,727	682,506	10,633		
2022	475,000	55,728	213,977	1,155		
2023-2027	1,457,000	134,286				
2028	157,000	4,136				
Totals	\$ 3,827,000	\$ 552,376	\$ 3,753,899	\$ 143,807		
			Other	Loane		
Vacan Fradina Camtanahan 20						
Year Ending September 30,			Principal	Interest		
2018				Interest		
• •			Principal			
2018			Principal 611,256	Interest 15,083		
2018 2019			Principal 611,256 39,419	15,083 10,79 10,090		
2018 2019 2020			Principal 611,256 39,419 40,114	15,08: 10,79 10,096 9,38:		
2018 2019 2020 2021			Principal 611,256 39,419 40,114 40,822	15,08: 10,79 10,090 9,380 8,660		
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022			Principal 611,256 39,419 40,114 40,822 41,542	15,083 10,79		
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023-2027			Principal 611,256 39,419 40,114 40,822 41,542 218,964	15,08 10,79 10,09 9,38 8,66 32,08		

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2017:

	Balance	A 1122	D. L. d	Balance	Amount due		
Governmental Activities:	Oct. 1, 2016	Additions	Reductions	Sept. 30, 2017	within one year		
Compensated absences	\$ 794,166	20,066		814,232			
General obligation bonds	4,224,000		397,000	3,827,000	\$ 412,000		
Other Loans	2,358,009	2,469,000	1,073,109	3,753,900	1,073,552		
Capital leases	946,551		68,684	877,867	71,352		
Total	8,322,726	2,489,066	1,538,793	9,272,999	1,556,904		
Business-Type Activities:							
Compensated absences	232,818		209,450	23,368			
Other Loans	3,375,127	2,101,187	781,425	4,694,889	611,256		
Capital leases	6,045,525		438,675	5,606,850	455,721		
Total	\$ 9,653,470	2,101,187	1,429,550	10,325,107	\$ 1,066,977		

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund in which the employees' salaries were paid, which are generally the General Fund, Major Fund Parks & Recreation, Non-Major Governmental Funds, Water & Sewer Funds, Sanitation Fund, and Internal Service Fund.

NOTE 13: DEFICIT FUND BALANCES OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

	Deficit
Fund	Amount
Municipal Improvement	(253,416)
Solid Waste Assistance Grant	(36,771)
Park Improvements	(7,941)

NOTE 14: CONTINGENCIES

<u>Federal Grants</u> - The City has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a grantor audit may become a liability of the City. No provision for any liability that may result has been recognized in the City's financial statements.

<u>Litigation</u> - The City is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. The following contingency warranted additional disclosure:

On March 29, 2013, the City received notice from the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ). The notice advised the City of an investigation of alleged instances of unauthorized discharges of sanitary sewer wastewater and other shortcomings regarding its wastewater treatment plant and collection system.

From that date, and until December 30, 2015, the City, with the aid of engineering and legal professionals, engaged with the EPA, United States Department of Justice (DOJ) and MDEQ in extensive discussions, document generation and production, preliminary planning, development and tentative remediation programs to address the alleged deficiencies in the wastewater collection and treatment systems.

On December 30, 2015, the parties, having successfully negotiated an agreement that covers most of the work/remediation that will be undertaken by the City, the Greenville City Council executed a "Partial Consent Decree." That Decree was subsequently executed by the EPA, DOJ, and MDEQ. It was filed in the U. S. District Court for the Northern District of Mississippi in Greenville and was subsequently signed and entered by U.S. District Court Judge Debra Brown on May 4, 2016. Under this Consent Decree or, possibly, a modified version thereof, the City has performed and will continue to perform evaluation, planning and construction/repair projects on the sanitary sewer system. At the mid-point of this process, the parties will review studies that will have been performed on additional portions of the City's sewer system and determine whether additional work will be required. The question whether the EPA/DOJ will attempt to assess penalties against the City has been deferred and will not rise again until approximately 2019-2020. The City has been diligently working to comply with the requirements of the Consent Decree and, in fact, is substantially ahead of schedule in that regard. At this point in time an estimated range of additional cost has not been derived. Therefore, no financial provision has been entered in the financial statements at this time.

Regarding other legal proceedings, it is not possible at the present time to estimate the ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the City with respect to the various proceedings. However, the City's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

NOTE 15: TAX ABATEMENTS

For the year beginning October 1, 2016, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) implemented Statement 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. This statement requires governmental entities to disclose the reduction in tax revenues resulting from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

The City's council negotiates property tax abatements on an individual or entity basis with varying abatement periods. These abatements contribute to the economic development and citizenry of the municipality. The City had tax abatement agreements with six entities as of September 30, 2017.

The City had abatements under the following statute, which does not provide for the abatement of school or state tax levies:

27-31-105, Miss. Code (Ann.) 1972 All allowable property tax levies

	Fiscal Year 2017				
Category	% of Taxes Abated	Amount of Taxes Abated			
Additions, expansions or equipment replacment	100.00%	\$	737,228		

The companies were not required to comply with any special provisions in order to receive the abatements and the City made no commitments as part of the agreements other than to reduce taxes.

NOTE 16: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events that occurred after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the City of Greenville evaluated the activity of the City through June 22, 2018 and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Greenville, Mississippi Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

						Actual	V	ariance
	F	Budgete	d Ar	nount	N	Ion-GAAP		vorable
	Orig	_		Final		Basis	(Unf	avorable)
REVENUES:								
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 9,1	63,134	\$	9,488,765	\$	9,488,765	\$	-
Licenses, Permits & Franchise Fees	1,3	32,000		1,305,422		1,305,422		-
Grants & Intergovernmental	7,8	52,500		8,021,107		8,021,107		-
Fines and Forfeits	3	84,600		304,710		304,710		-
Rental	4	35,200		436,241		436,241		-
Miscellaneous Revenues	3	49,853		398,319		398,319		-
Charges for Services		37,500		34,520		34,520		-
Total Revenues	19,5	54,787		19,989,084		19,989,084		-
EXPENDITURES:								
General Government							\	
Personal services	1,2	34,416		1,180,097		1,180,097		-
Other services and charges	9	62,090		956,853		956,853		-
Supplies		59,530		46,989		46,989		-
Capital outlay		24,500		3,489		3,489		-
Total general government	2,2	80,536		2,187,428		2,187,428		-
Public Safety								
Police Department								
Personal services	5,9	02,499		5,845,210		5,845,210		-
Other services and charges	1,6	55,534		1,737,268		1,737,268		-
Supplies		85,802		70,835		70,835		-
Capital outlay	5	74,000		552,091		552,091		-
Total Police Department	8,2	17,835		8,205,404		8,205,404		-
Fire Department								
Personal services	4,2	84,391		4,290,040		4,290,040		-
Other services and charges	3:	20,240		530,424		530,424		-
Supplies	,	52,237		54,970		54,970		-
Capital Outlay		81,000		54,106		54,106		-
Total Fire Department	4,7	37,868		4,929,540		4,929,540		-
Total Public Safety	12,9	55,703		13,134,944		13,134,944		-
Public Works								
Personal services	2	83,752		355,159		355,159		-
Other services and charges		56,622		940,638		940,638		-
Supplies	(1	10,934)		(4,804)		(4,804)		_
Capital outlay		52,100		149,133		149,133		_
Total Public Works		81,540		1,440,126		1,440,126		-
Highways and Streets								
Personal services	1-	44,222		263,422		263,422		_
Other services and charges		09,324		2,844,363		2,844,363		_
Supplies		91,650		78,054		78,054		_
Capital outlay		76,988		374,126		374,126		_
Total Highways and Streets		22,184		3,559,965		3,559,965		_
10ml Ingliffajo mia buoto		,_,		2,227,703		2,227,703		

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this statement.

City of Greenville, Mississippi Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

			Actual	Variance
	Budgeted		Non-GAAP	Favorable
	Original	Final	Basis	(Unfavorable)
EXPENDITURES CONTINUED:				
Health & Welfare				
Other services and charges	371,450	342,595	342,595	-
Supplies	2,500	1,791	1,791	-
Total Health & Welfare	373,950	344,386	344,386	
Economic Development				
Personal services	256,665	257,989	257,989	-
Other services and charges	288,044	224,300	224,300	-
Supplies	5,470	4,204	4,204	-
Capital outlay	-	522	522	
Total Economic Development	550,179	487,015	487,015	
Debt Service				
Principal paid	68,684	68,684	68,684	_
Interest paid	35,274	35,274	35,274	_
interest para	103,958	103,958	103,958	-
Total Expenditures	20,868,050	21,257,822	21,257,822	-
Excess of Revenues over				
(under) Expenditures	(1,313,263)	(1,268,738)	(1,268,738)	-
				_
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in (out)	1.056.740	1 052 742	1 052 742	
transfers in	1,856,742	1,853,742	1,853,742	-
transfers (out)	(1,486,000)	(1,486,000)	(1,486,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	370,742	367,742	367,742	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(942,521)	(900,996)	(900,996)	-
Fund Balances - Beginning	(2,420,994)	5,320,411	5,320,411	-
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ (3,363,515)	\$ 4,419,415	\$ 4,419,415	\$ -

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this statement.

City of Greenville, Mississippi Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) Major Fund Parks & Recreation For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

						Actual	Variance	
		Budgeted	l Am		Non-GAAP		Favorable	
		Original		Final		Basis	(Unfa	vorable)
REVENUES:				•04.00=				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	370,233	\$	381,087	\$	381,087	\$	-
Grants & Intergovernmental		12,000		16,735		16,735		-
Rental		18,000		18,730		18,730		-
Miscellaneous Revenues		50,005		3,990		3,990		-
Charges for Services		231,000		200,558		200,558		-
Total Revenues		681,238		621,100		621,100		-
EXPENDITURES:								
Parks & Recreation							\	
Personal services		578,933		552,410		552,410		-
Other services and charges		151,618		178,869		178,869		-
Supplies		171,600		132,666		132,666		-
Capital outlay		48,050		40,665		40,665		-
Total Expenditures		950,201		904,610		904,610		-
F. 4D								
Excess of Revenues over		(2.10.0.12)		(202 210)		(202 210)		
(under) Expenditures		(268,963)		(283,510)		(283,510)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in (out)								
transfers in		419,000		419,000		419,000		-
transfers (out)		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		419,000		419,000		419,000		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		150,037		135,490		135,490		-
Fund Balances - Beginning		(66,429)		(277,982)		(277,982)		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	83,608	\$	(142,492)	\$	(142,492)	\$	

City of Greenville, Mississippi Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Postemployment Benefits For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

City of Greenville-Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits-September 30, 2017

		Actuarial				
		Accrued				
	Actuarial	Liability	Unfunded			UAAL as a
	Value of	(AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Plan Year	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
2014-2015	\$ 0	\$1,585,809	\$1,585,809	0.00%	\$7,942,130	20.00%
2015-2016	\$ 0	\$687,835	\$687,835	0.00%	\$6,957,985	9.90%
2016-2017	\$ 0	\$755,733	\$755,733	0.00%	\$7,097,145	10.60%

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this statement.

City of Greenville, Mississippi Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (PERS) Last 10 Fiscal Years* For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.154%	0.178%	0.181%	0.184%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 25,600,027	31,795,245	27,979,031	22,334,231
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,866,505	11,381,273	11,281,090	11,205,833
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	259.46%	279.36%	248.02%	199.31%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of June 30 prior to the fiscal year presented. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the City has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

City of Greenville, Mississippi Schedule of City's Contributions – Pension (PERS) & (MMRS) Last 10 Fiscal Years* For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Public Employees Retirement Systems (PERS)

	_	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	1,467,162 1,467,162	1,861,107 1,861,107	1,779,564 1,779,564
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$=	-		
Covered-employee payroll	\$	9,315,315	11,816,549	11,298,816
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until, a full 10 year trend is compiled, the City has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Mississippi Municipal Retirement Systems (MMRS)

	_	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	589,633 589,633	612,832 612,832	601,720 601,720
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_		
Covered-employee payroll*	N	J/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	N	J/A	N/A	N/A

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, The City presents information for those years for which information is available.

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this statement.

^{*} Payroll-related information not provided because the plan is closed to new entrants and there are no remaining active members.

City of Greenville, Mississippi Schedule of City's Changes in the Net Pension Liability (MMRS) Last 10 Fiscal Years* For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	_	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability	_			
Service Cost				
Interest	\$	685,107	692,751	719,926
Differences between expected and actual				
experience		25,167	205,643	(59,398)
Changes of assumptions		29,545	-	284,198
Benefit payments, including refunds of				
employee contributions		(991,494)	(1,002,578)	(1,007,564)
Net Change in total pension liability	_	(251,675)	(104,184)	(62,838)
Total pension liability - beginning		9,335,834	9,440,018	9,502,856
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	9,084,159	9,335,834	9,440,018
	_			
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$	589,633	612,832	601,720
Net investment income		419,956	17,714	114,107
Benefit payments, including refunds of				
employee contributions		(991,494)	(1,002,578)	(1,007,564)
Administrative expense		(11,793)	(12,257)	(12,034)
Other		2,805	8,467	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	_	9,107	(375,822)	(303,771)
Plan net position - beginning		3,225,718	3,601,540	3,905,311
Plan net position - ending (b)	\$	3,234,825	3,225,718	3,601,540
	_			
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	5,849,334	6,110,116	5,838,478
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage				
of the total pension liability		35.61%	34.55%	38.15%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City can only present information for which it is available.

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017 "UNAUDITED"

A. Budgetary Information.

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the City's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the City Clerk or Chief Administrative Officer prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and the unencumbered cash and investment balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the City Council that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The City's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at yearend, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

B. Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (Non-GAAP Basis) and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund and the Parks & Recreation Fund. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) is a part of required supplemental information.

C. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

The following schedule reconciles the budgetary basis schedules to the GAAP basis financial statements for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund:

Governmental Fund Type	General Fund		
Budget (Cash Basis)	\$	(900,996)	
Increase (Decrease) Net adjustments for revenue accruals Net adjustments for expense accruals		(408,946) (48,096)	
Net Change in Fund Balance - GAAP Basis	\$	(1,358,038)	

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017 "UNAUDITED"

Governmental Fund Type	•	jor Fund nd Recreation
Budget (Cash Basis)	\$	135,490
Increase (Decrease) Net adjustments for revenue accruals Net adjustments for expense accruals		- -
Net Change in Fund Balance - GAAP Basis	\$	135,490

D. Excess of Actual Expenditures over Budget in Individual Funds.

No funds with actual expenditures over budgeted amounts were identified.

E. Unbudgeted Funds.

There were no unbudgeted funds.

Pension Schedules

A. Changes in benefit provisions.

2017

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

B. Changes of assumptions.

2015

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended September 30, 2017 "UNAUDITED"

2016

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Federal Agency/ Pass-Through Entity/ Program Title		Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Defense Direct Programs:				
Mississippi Environmental Infrastructure (Section 592) ARRA Total Department of Defense		12.124	Corp of Engineers	59,910 59,910
U. S. Department of Transportation				
Direct Programs:				
Airport Improvement Program				
FAA Project 2014		20.106	3-28-0027-032-2014	640,147
FAA Project 2016		20.106	3-28-0027-033-2016	127,354
FAA Project 2017 Total Direct Programs		20.106	3-28-0027-034-2017	3,812 771,313
Pass-Through Programs:				//1,515
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Transportation				
Highway Planning and Construction				
Yazoo & Mississippi Railroad Depot	*	20.205	LPA-105560-701000	322,493
Total Highway Planning and Construction				322,493
Total U. S. Department of Transportation				1,093,806
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				
Direct Programs:				
Brownfields Assessment and Cleanup Cooperative Agreements		66.818	#00D11113	5,962
Total Direct Programs				5,962
Pass-Through Programs:				
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality				
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds	*	66.458	SRF-C280767-08	294,255
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds	*	66.458	SRF-C280767-09	1,000,027
Total Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds				1,294,282
Total U. S. Environmental Protection Agency				1,300,244
Delta Area Economic Development				
Direct Programs:				
Delta Regional Authority		90.201	MS-50168	34,677
Total Delta Area Economic Development				34,677
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Direct Programs				
Law Enforcement Officer Reimbursement Agreement Program		97.090	HSTS01-04-A-LEF-295	16,526
Assistance to Firefighters Grant		97.044	EMW-2015-FO-03025	90,000
Total U. S. Department of Homeland Security				106,526
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 2,595,163

^{*} Denotes Major Federal Award Program

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the City of Greenville under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the City.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts (if any) shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

C. Indirect Cost Rate

The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

D. Loan or Loan Guarantee Programs

The City received the following WPCRLF federal funds (CFDA No. 66.458, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency) passed through the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality in fiscal year 2017:

	Beginning Loan Disbursements		State Funds	Federal Funds	Total Loan
Loan Numbers	State Funds	Federal Funds	Disbursed	Disbursed*	Disbursed
SRF-C280767-08	\$ -0-	-0-	58,851	294,255	353,106
SRF-C280767-09	\$ 1,701,565	-0-	747,380	1,000,027	3,448,972

^{*}Federal Expenditures per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI

OTHER INFORMATION

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI SCHEDULE OF SURETY BONDS FOR CITY OFFICIALS September 30, 2017

Name	Position	Bond Amount	Expiration Date	Surety Company
Errick D. Simmons	Mayor	100,000	1/1/2018	C N A Surety
William Al Brock, Jr.	Council Member	100,000	1/1/2018	C N A Surety
Lois Hawkins	Council Member	100,000	1/1/2018	C N A Surety
Carolyn Weathers	Council Member	100,000	1/1/2018	C N A Surety
Betty Watkins	Council Member	100,000	1/1/2018	C N A Surety
Ann Hollowell	Council Member	100,000	1/1/2018	C N A Surety
James Wilson, Sr.	Council Member	100,000	1/1/2018	C N A Surety
Amelia D. Wicks	City Clerk	100,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Lisa Cain	Accounting Clerk	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Janice Caswell	Deputy Court Clerk	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Celestine Humes	Accounting Clerk	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Maple Smith	Legal Secretary	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Martha Harris	Privilege License Clerk	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Felicia Wilkerson	Utility Clerk	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Gwanda Suber	Municipal Court Clerk	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Cynthia Stevens	Deputy Court Clerk	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Priscilla Bush	Deputy Court Clerk	50,000	Indefinite Indefinite	C N A Surety
Kenyotta Lee Ennissica Hibler	Deputy Court Clerk Deputy Court Clerk	50,000 50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety C N A Surety
Delando Wilson	Police Chief	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Michael Merchant	Asst. Police Chief	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Misty Litton	Police Major	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Danny Graise	Police Captain	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Keith Jackson	Police Captain	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Nakia Williams-Hunter	Police Administrative Asst.	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Virginia Davis	Police Records Supervisor	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Cynthia Willis	Police Administrative Asst.	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Joanna Gardner Ross	Police Records Clerk	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Rosa F. Matthews	Police Records Clerk	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Veronica Johnson	Police Records Clerk	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Khirya Page	Police Records Clerk	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Carolyn S. Bolden	Police Records Clerk	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Katrina Ingram	Police Records Clerk	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Alexis Harris	Police Records Clerk	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Courtney Thomas	Police Records Clerk	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Edna Turner	Police Records Clerk	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Sammeisha Faulkner	Police Records Clerk	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Cordell Daniels	Police Special Operations	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Lonnie McClinton	Police Special Operations	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Johnathan West	Police Special Operations	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Ira Lee Owen	Airport Director	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
LaToya Redmon	Airport Exectuive Assistant	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Alfred Rankins Mario Kirksey	Park Commissioner Park Commissioner	50,000 50,000	Indefinite Indefinite	C N A Surety C N A Surety
Scott Rainwater	Park Commissioner	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Thomas D. Nall	Park Commissioner	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Mel Covington	Park Commissioner	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Corey Holmes	Parks Director	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Chontina Jarmon	Administrative Assistant	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Ervin Thomas	Parks/Recr. Supervisor	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Nathaniel Watkins, Jr.	Parks/Recr. Supervisor	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Eugene Palmer	Parks/Recr. Supervisor	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Sidney Lee Sipes	Golf Course Supervisor	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Jake Perry	Golf Course Assistant	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Teresa Kingdom	Human Resources Dir.	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Geneva Carter	H R Administrative Asst.	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Thomas Haynes	Safety Coordinator	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Ruben Brown	Fire Chief	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Tawanna Haynes	Fire Adm. Assistant	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Carlon Williams	Planning/Zoning Dir.	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Erie Jackson	Planning Clerk II	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety
Everett Chin	Exec. Asst. to the Mayor	50,000	Indefinite	C N A Surety

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI RECONCILIATION OF TAX ASSESSMENTS TO FUND COLLECTIONS - 2016 TAX ROLLS For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

		Т	ax
		Assessed	
Assessments - 2016 Tax Rolls		Valuation	Ad Valorem
Deal Duemouter		¢124 140 016	
Real Property Personal Property		\$124,140,016 30,881,330	
Auto and Mobile Home		25,738,343	
Public Utility		24,432,980	
Tuble Culty		24,432,700	-
Total Assessed Valuation		205,192,669	
Total Ad Valorem Tax @ 59.41 Mills		12,190,496	
Less: Homestead Exemption Credit		\$ 892,298	-
Net Ad Valorem Taxes			\$ 11,298,198
Other Collections:			
Actual Homestead Reimbursements			497,117
Prior Year Tax Collections			161,977
Penalties and Interest on Delinquent Taxes			70,055
Deductions:			
Washington County Tax Collector's Commission			(119,456)
Total Ad Valorem Taxes to be Accounted For			\$ 11,907,892
Collections:			
Allocated to: Fund #	Taxes	Homestead	Total
General Fund 001	8,842,504	393,276	9,235,780
Parks 100	375,659	16,735	392,394
Library 103	319,358	14,225	333,583
Debt Service 200	1,073,547	51,795	1,125,342
Fire & Police Pension 600	562,367	21,086	583,453
	11,173,435	497,117	11,670,552
Balance Represented by:			
Unpaid realty & unaccounted for under (over) collections			237,340
Total Ad Valorem Taxes Accounted for			\$ 11,907,892

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI RECONCILIATION OF TAX ASSESSMENTS TO FUND COLLECTIONS - 2016 TAX ROLLS (Cont'd) For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Tax millage levies for the current fiscal year (tax year 2016) were as follows:

Fund	Millage	Purpose
General Parks Library Bond & Interest Fire & Police Disability Total Tax Levy	47.00 2.00 1.70 6.09 2.62 59.41	General Current Expenditures & Maintenance Park Current Expenditures & Maintenance Library Current Expenditures & Maintenance General City Obligation Bonds & Interest Fire & Police Disability Fund
Ad Valorem tax collections we annotated (1972), as follows		ations of Sections 27-39-320 to 27-39-329, Miss. Code
\$ 11,492,865 Base 2015-20	016	\$ 11,173,435 Taxes collected 2016-2017
1,098,823 Less: Applica	ble to Debt Service	1,073,547 Less: Applicable to Debt Service
10,394,042		10,099,888
1,039,404 10 % Increase	2	497,117 Homestead Exemption 51,795 Less: Applicable to Debt Service
		445,322
\$ 11,433,446		888,236 Under (Over) Limitation \$ 11,433,446

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

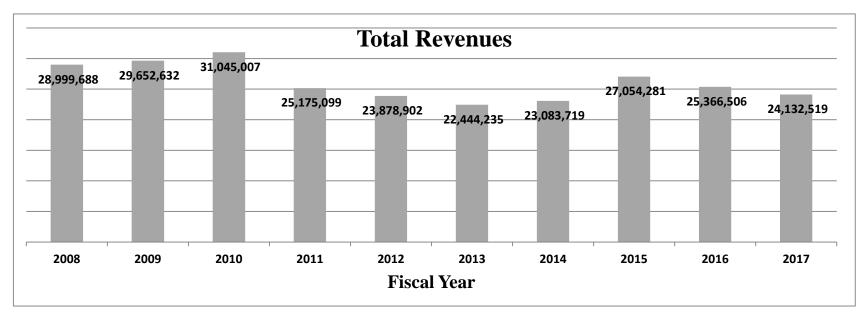
	Issue	Balance 10/01/16	Issued		Balance	Principal Amount Due	
Description	Date			Paid	09/30/17	2018	Remaining Year
General Obligation Bonds							
Series 2007-Street Bond	05/10/07	\$ 95,000		95,000			
Series 2008-Street Bond	08/22/08	185,000		90,000	95,000	95,000	
Series 2010-Street Bond	05/18/10	1,095,000		165,000	930,000	170,000	\$ 760,00
Series 2015-Refunding Bond	07/29/15	2,849,000		47,000	2,802,000	147,000	2,655,00
Total General Obligation Bonds		4,224,000	-	397,000	3,827,000	412,000	3,415,00
Other Loans				,			
GO Note - Parks, Equipment & Expenses	07/26/13	409,929		203,418	206,511	206,511	
E One Fire Pumper Truck	10/13/14	242,493		242,493			
GO Note - Parks, Equipment & Expenses	12/15/15	1,336,426		293,665	1,042,761	298,786	743,97
E One Fire Pumper Truck	01/06/16	369,160		81,076	288,084	82,523	205,56
GO Note Equip, Vehicles & Building Ren	12/07/16		783,000	87,892	695,108	158,258	536,85
GO Note Equipment & Vehicles	01/05/17		986,000	108,273	877,727	192,235	685,49
GO Note Sewer Lifts & Water Tank	05/04/17		700,000	56,292	643,708	135,239	508,46
Sub-Total Governmental Funds		2,358,008	2,469,000	1,073,109	3,753,899	1,073,552	2,680,34
State Revolving-C280767-07	09/01/10	347,690		23,036	324,654	23,441	301,21
SRF Refunding GO Note	07/01/13	1,325,872		753,351	572,521	572,521	
State Revolving-C280767-08	07/30/14		353,781	5,039	348,742	15,294	333,44
State Revolving-C280767-09	Various	1,701,565	1,747,407		3,448,972		3,448,97
Sub-Total Water & Sewer Fund		3,375,127	2,101,188	781,426	4,694,889	611,256	4,083,63
Total Other Loans		5,733,135	4,570,188	1,854,535	8,448,788	1,684,808	6,763,98
Capital Leases	_					_	
Energy Project - Siemens-General Fund	09/28/11	946,551		68,684	877,867	71,352	806,51
Energy Project - Siemens-Water & Sewer Fund	09/28/11	6,045,526		438,676	5,606,850	455,721	5,151,12
Total Capital Leases		6,992,077	-	507,360	6,484,717	527,073	5,957,64
Other	_						
Compensated Absences	-	1,026,984	20,066	209,450	837,600		
Total Long Term Debt		\$17,976,196	4,590,254	2,968,345	19,598,105	2,623,881	\$ 16,136,62

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI

STATISTICAL INFORMATION

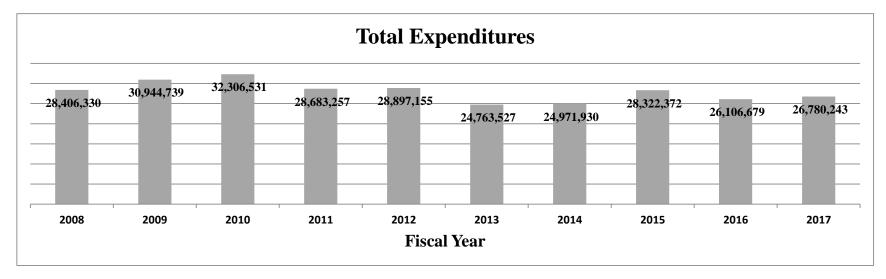
CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Fines, Fees,		Charges for	Rental	Miscellaneous	Total
Year	Taxes	Licenses & Permits	Intergovernmental	Services	Income	Operating	Revenues
• • • • •		242 -					
2008	20,456,307	819,561	4,313,548	1,800,169	975,112	634,991	28,999,688
2009	20,353,656	1,229,088	5,349,737	1,628,402	755,341	336,408	29,652,632
2010	21,150,238	904,484	6,500,612	1,444,171	792,144	253,358	31,045,007
2011	18,787,050	613,631	4,166,620	428,614	1,122,068	57,116	25,175,099
2012	19,084,941	578,489	2,516,825	370,793	1,163,941	163,913	23,878,902
2013	19,174,001	511,212	1,110,746	396,869	1,077,206	174,201	22,444,235
2014	19,870,163	647,199	1,062,572	387,913	968,035	147,837	23,083,719
2015	19,978,481	681,930	4,547,107	421,573	726,066	699,124	27,054,281
2016	20,271,753	621,863	2,935,188	467,036	749,284	321,382	25,366,506
2017	19,986,255	489,524	2,102,037	434,805	717,686	402,212	24,132,519
Total	199,112,845	7,096,981	34,604,992	7,780,345	9,046,883	3,190,542	\$260,832,588



CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Culture &				
Fiscal	General	Public	Public	Health and	Recreation and		Capital	Debt	Total
Year	Government	Safety	Works	Sanitation	Economic Dev.	Airport	Projects	Service	Expenditures
2008	4,611,672	11,485,695	3,217,079	294,000	853,053	932,049	4,978,769	2,034,013	28,406,330
2009	3,859,020	12,788,587	2,067,676	294,000	863,524	999,319	6,447,273	3,625,340	30,944,739
2010	3,992,895	12,475,008	2,179,984	294,000	797,337	886,164	8,073,127	3,608,016	32,306,531
2011	2,149,415	11,366,152	5,913,414	471,404	1,147,114	4,361,606	-	3,274,152	28,683,257
2012	3,721,217	12,080,985	6,199,009	356,578	1,379,192	1,441,853	-	3,718,321	28,897,155
2013	2,203,438	11,737,899	4,366,970	365,428	1,198,444	1,285,770	-	3,605,578	24,763,527
2014	2,615,769	12,437,763	5,229,729	378,964	1,481,318	1,081,980	-	1,746,407	24,971,930
2015	2,574,904	12,854,951	5,944,357	371,114	1,724,533	3,871,560	-	980,953	28,322,372
2016	2,681,912	12,969,784	4,559,747	374,877	1,527,817	2,773,599	-	1,218,943	26,106,679
2017	2,545,360	13,280,155	5,127,487	344,386	1,412,150	2,307,289		1,763,416	26,780,243
Total	\$ 30,955,602	\$123,476,979	\$44,805,452	\$ 3,544,751	\$ 12,384,482	\$19,941,189	\$19,499,169	\$25,575,139	\$280,182,763



CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Date of Issue	Description		Total Outstanding G/O Debt		Bonds/Notes Subject To 15% Limitation		Bonds/Notes Subject To 20% Limitation	
<u>OUTSTAN</u>	DING GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT:							
08/22/08 05/18/10 07/29/15	Series 2008-Street Bond Series 2010-Street Bond Series 2015-Refunding Bond	\$	95,000 930,000 2,802,000	\$	95,000 930,000 2,802,000	\$	95,000 930,000 2,802,000	
07/03/13 07/26/13 12/15/15	SRF Refunding-GO Note Parks & Equipment-GO Note Parks & Equipment-GO Note		572,521 206,511		572,521 206,511		572,521 206,511	
01/06/16 12/07/16	E One Fire Pumper Truck-GO Note Equipment, Vehicles & Building Ren-GO Note		1,042,761 288,084 695,108		1,042,761 288,084 695,108		1,042,761 288,084 695,108	
01/05/17 05/04/17	Equipment & Vehicles-GO Note Sewer Lifts & Water Tank-GO Note Total Outstanding General Obligation Debt		877,727 643,708 8,153,420		877,727 643,708 8,153,420		877,727 643,708 8,153,420	
AUTHORI	ZED DEBT LIMIT:		8,133,420		8,133,420		6,133,420	
	Assessed Value for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017 205,192,669				30,778,900		41,038,534	
	Present Debt (Subject to 15% and 20% Limitation, respectively)				8,153,420		8,153,420	
	Margin for Further Indebtedness (Under 15% and 20% Limitation, respectively)			\$	22,625,480	\$	32,885,114	

LIMITATION OF INDEBTEDNESS - SECTION 21-33-303 AS AMENDED

No municipality shall hereafter issue bonds secured by a pledge of its full faith and credit for the purposes authorized by law in an amount which, when added to the then outstanding bonded indebtedness of such municipality, shall exceed either (a) fifteen percent (15%) of the assessed value of taxable property within such municipality, according to the last completed assessment for taxation, or (b) ten percent (10%) of the assessment upon which taxes were levied for its fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, whichever is greater. In computing such indebtedness, there may be deducted all bonds or other evidences of indebtedness, heretofore or hereafter issued, for school, water, sewerage systems, gas, and light and power purposes and for the construction of special improvements primarily chargeable to the property that benefited, or for the purpose of paying the municipality's proportion of any betterment program, a portion of which is primarily chargeable to the property benefited. However, in no case shall any municipality contract any indebtedness which, when added to all of the outstanding obligation indebtedness, both bonded and floating, shall exceed either (a) twenty percent (20%) of the assessed value of all taxable property within such municipality according to the last completed assessment for taxation or (b) fifteen percent (15%) of the assessment upon which taxes were levied for its fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, whichever is greater. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to apply to contract obligations in any form heretofore issued by any municipality for school purposes, or to contract obligations in any form heretofore or hereafter incurred by any municipality which are payable exclusively from the revenues of any municipality-owned utility, or to bonds issued by any municipality under the provisions of Sections

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

57-1-1 through 57-1-51, or to any special assessment improvement bonds issued by any municipality under the provisions of Sections 21-41-1 through 21-41-53.

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI

SPECIAL REPORTS

Bridgers, Goodman & Aldridge, pllc certified public accountants

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

DAVID I. BRIDGERS, JR., CPA MICKEY R. ALDRIDGE, CPA L. KARL GOODMAN, CPA, MBA AMY D. BYARS, CPA WILLIAM F. BAIRD, CPA DAVID E. CLARKE, CPA MEMBERS OF
MISSISSIPPI SOCIETY OF CPA'S
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CPA'S
GOVERNMENT AUDIT QUALITY CENTER
PRIVATE COMPANIES PRACTICE SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Greenville Greenville, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Greenville, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Greenville, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement accounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Bridgers, Goodman & Aldridge, PLLC

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Certified Public Accountants Vicksburg, Mississippi

BRIDGERS, GOODMAN & ALDRIDGE, PLLC

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MEMBERS OF MISSISSIPPI SOCIETY OF CPA'S AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CPA'S GOVERNMENT AUDIT QUALITY CENTER PRIVATE COMPANIES PRACTICE SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Greenville Greenville, Mississippi

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Greenville, Mississippi's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Greenville, Mississippi's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2017. The City of Greenville, Mississippi's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance of the City of Greenville, Mississippi's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Greenville, Mississippi's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Greenville, Mississippi's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Greenville, Mississippi complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City of Greenville, Mississippi, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Greenville, Mississippi's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Greenville Greenville, Mississippi

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Greenville, Mississippi, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, which collectively comprise the City of Greenville, Mississippi's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 22, 2018. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on the City's compliance with these requirements was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of those procedures and our audit of the general purpose financial statements disclosed no instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations. The prior year finding has been corrected.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, City Council, State Auditor's Office and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

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LIMITED INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REVIEW MANAGEMENT REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Greenville Greenville, Mississippi

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City of Greenville, Mississippi for the year ended September 30, 2017, we considered the City of Greenville, Mississippi's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

In addition, for areas not considered material to the City of Greenville, Mississippi's financial reporting, we have performed some additional limited internal control and state legal compliance procedures. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the City's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. This report does not affect our report dated June 22, 2018 on the financial statements of the City of Greenville, Mississippi.

Although no findings came to our attention as a result of these review procedures and compliance tests, these procedures and tests cannot and do not provide absolute assurance that all state legal requirements have been complied with. Also, our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters within the internal control that might be weaknesses. In accordance with Section 7-7-211, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), the Office of the State Auditor, when deemed necessary, may conduct additional procedures and tests of transactions for this or other fiscal years to ensure compliance with legal requirements.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the City Council, and others within the entity and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Bridgers, Goodman & Aldridge, PLLC Bridgers, Goodman & Aldridge, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Vicksburg, Mississippi

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST

CITY OF GREENVILLE, MISSISSIPPI SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements. Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weakness identified?

b. Significant deficiency identified? None Reported

3. Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?

Federal Awards:

4. Internal control over major federal programs:

a. Material weakness identified?

b. Significant deficiency identified? None Reported

5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified

6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

7. Identification of major federal programs:

- a. CFDA #20.205, Highway Planning and Construction
- b. CFDA #66.458, Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds

8. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

9. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported by *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section 3: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to federal awards.